THE NORTH CAROLINIAN.
ESTABLISHED IN 1869.
PUBLISHED EVERY WEDNESDAY.
Office---North Carolinian Bld'g, Main St.
One door east of Albemarle House.
Terms, $1.50 a Year, in Advance.
If not paid in advance $2.00 will be charged.
RATES OF ADVERTISING:
One square, one insertion, $1.00; two insertions, $1.50; one month, $2.00; three months, $4.00; six months, $8.00; one year, $12.00.
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Business Notices in local column, ten cents a line. Obituary Notices, five cents a line.

The North Carolinian.

PALEMON JOHN, Editor and Proprietor. Devoted to the Interests of the City, the County and the District. TERMS---$1.50 a Year, in Advance.

VOLUME XXIV. ELIZABETH CITY, N. C., WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 19, 1892. NUMBER 21.

THE NORTH CAROLINIAN
POWER
JOB PRINTING
ESTABLISHMENT
Is supplied with all the requisites for doing first-class Job Printing business and promptly executes
WEDDING CARDS, VISITING CARDS, BUSINESS CARDS, BALL CARDS, FANCY SHOW CARDS, BILLS OF FARE, WINE CARDS, LAW CARDS AND POINTS, POSTERS, HANDBILLS, PROGRAMMES, BILLHEADS, DODGERS, STATEMENTS, PAMPHLETS, CIRCULARS, BOOKS, ETC.
In the latest and neatest styles, and at the lowest prices. Orders by mail will receive prompt attention.

More United States vessels visit the Mexican ports than those of all other nations combined.

A Paris physician is authority for the statement that 40 people are annually prepared for burial in France while still alive.

Mrs. John A. Logan has undertaken to raise $1,000,000 from the women of this country for the American University, the national institution founded by the Methodists at Washington, D. C.

London alone requires 600,000 cows to supply it with the products of the dairy, 84,000 of them being needed for milk alone. Some 10,000 are kept within the metropolitan radius itself in 1000 sheds by 495 cow-keepers, and there are probably no fewer than 4000 horses engaged in the delivery of milk in London.

M. du Haudray, following the method of Professor Garnier's studies of the Simian language, has carried his phonograph into the henroop. He places it in one henhouse where the "family" are at home, and when the receiver has been cackled into for half an hour it is taken away, and made to repeat all the gossip in a neighboring henroop. The results of the experiments are said to be marvellous.

There has been in England an interesting discussion as to the moral superiority of spinsters over matrons, from which it is shown that women who have achieved real greatness in history and shown greatest valor have been as a rule unmarried, the most illustrious examples given being Queen Elizabeth, Charlotte Corday, Joan of Arc, Florence Nightingale and Sister Rose Gertrude.

The Canadian railway statistics for the year 1891 show a total mileage in operation of 14,209, an increase of 753 miles over the previous year. The amount of government bonuses paid was $147,165,132; government loans paid, $202,013,141; government subscriptions to shares paid, $300,000; municipal aid paid, $13,792,509; earnings, $48,192,009; working expenses, 31,960,450; net earnings, $15,231,640.

Morocco needs another Decatur, concludes the New Orleans Picayune. There have been several reports lately of the depredations of Moorish pirates. The latest one is the robbing of a Spanish ship, the Yeard, which was trading between Cape Juby and the River Deoro. The ship was plundered and eleven of the sixteen members of the crew were made captives and carried off to be sold into slavery. A Spanish gunboat was dispatched to their rescue.

The most fertile field of the Mormon missionaries, declares the Boston Transcript, has been in London, and all efforts to stop the work of proselyting have proved futile. Among the middle and the lower classes the oily-tongued elders find ready listeners and many converts. It is stated that one apostle annually sends over 500 converts, mostly English. The Mormon settlement is composed of foreigners and a few American thugs and bandits, who saw in the secret organization like the Danites a chance just suited to their desires. The native born converts to the Mormon faith are few and far between. The scums of Europe offer a far more promising field to the elders.

A complaint comes from California that the Chinese are ruining the fishing in San Francisco Bay. Particularly is the shrimp business affected. Paying only $400 a year in licenses the Chinese fishermen send across the Pacific 1,000,000 pounds of shrimps annually and half as much dried fish, flounders, soles, etc. Great quantities of young fish are caught in their nets that are set all the year round, the result of which is that the bay is being gradually emptied of grown fish. This, of course, is in violation of the law, and the authorities are beginning to bestir themselves. The Chinese fishermen, it seems, are extending their operations along the coast. Their camps dot the shore from the Sacramento river to Redwood Slough. The boats used by them are regulation junks with lateen-like sail. On shore the fishermen have their boiling-tanks and drying-houses. The fish and shrimps are put up in 200-pound bags. Mud, dirt, slime and seaweed are boiled with the shrimps, as though it were all an integral part of the product. No attempt is made to separate the filth from the food, either at the boiling-tanks or in the sorting sheds. Fishing in the bays, the State authorities often find Chinese craft with no license aboard. The crews on these boats do the most damage to spawning fish. One of the finest spawning-grounds for flounders and sole and smelts in San Pedro Bay has been actually devastated by the rapacious yellow fishermen.

Life and Love.

Ah, Love! thou art the azure sky,
And Life a summer cloud,
Which blends with thee in rapture,
Within thy lovelight bowed.

And Life is like the ripples
Which spread across the lake;
Love is the depth beneath them
O'er which the ripples break.

Love is one long mellow breeze
On which light Life doth float—
Love—ah, yes, it is the oar,
And Life, it is the boat.

—[Boston Transcript.

IN SPITE OF HIMSELF.

BY HELEN FORREST GRAVES.

"Mattie! Mattie! did you take that huckleberry pie out of the oven?

"Yes, Aunt Ann."

"And the cup custards—you didn't forget the cup custards?'

"They're all right, Aunt Ann."

"Matty!" in an accent one degree shriller than usual.

"Yes! What is it?"

"There's a tramp coming up the back garden path. Send him about his business."

"Yes, Aunt Ann."

Matty Vernor went valiantly to the back door, prepared to do battle, glancing this way and that as she did so, to make sure that there was plenty of boiling water on the stove, and that the broom was handy, in case of need.

"Well," said Matty to herself, eyeing the mass of rags on the doorstep, "you are a tramp. Nobody could possibly mistake you for anything else. What do you want?" she added aloud.

"Could you spare me an old shirt, young lady? or a suit of clothes? I'm in great need—"

"That's what you all say!" crisply interrupted Matty. "I'm sure I don't know where you get all your rags and tatters from. You're just from an hospital, I suppose. That's the next chapter."

But even as she spoke her womanly heart melted within her at the sight of the tired, pale face, the wretched garb.

"No," said he, with a sigh, "I'm not from the hospital."

He was turning away, when she recalled him.

"Wait a minute," said she. "I'll go see what I can find."

Bolting the door unceremoniously in his face, she went to a store-room opening out of the unused best parlor.

"I don't care!" said Matty, arguing with herself with a certain fierce impatience. "Uncle Job's things have lain here, of no use to anybody, since he died. That poor fellow may as well have them, I suppose."

She came back presently with a compact little bundle under her arm.

"There," said she, flinging it out of the window, "take it and begone! For," she added to herself, "if Aunt Ann should find out I'd been giving away any of Uncle Job's old traps—Why, goodness me! he's eaten up the huckleberry pie and the three cup custards that I left to cool on the buttery window-ledge! Here, give me back those clothes! You shan't have so much as a rag! You don't deserve them!"

She had unbolted the door as she spoke, and, with a quick, light movement, caught up the bundle before the stanger could possess himself of it.

"I'm very sorry," he said, penitently, "but I was desperately hungry and I didn't stop to consider."

"Didn't stop to consider?" indignantly repeated Matty. "No, I should think not. You are a thief! Do you hear that? Not only a vagabond, but a thief! And I should think a great able-bodied scamp like you would be ashamed to go begging and stealing around the country. There!"

Thus terminating her lecture with a very expressive outburst, Matty once more shut the door in the poor, tired face, and resumed her occupation of ironing out Aunt Ann's Sunday lace cap.

"Matty! Matty!" called out the old woman from above stairs, where she was turning over the contents of a big cedarwood chest.

"Yes, Aunt Ann!"

"Did you send the fellow packing?"

"Yes, I did."

"That's right — that's right!" chuckled Aunt Ann. "These strolling beggars are getting to be a pertect nuisance hereabouts."

But as Matty fluted the borders of lace with a quick, efficient hand, thinking the while what she should do replace the missing pie in time for Aunt Ann's dinner, a softer mood came over her.

"Poor wretch!" she murmured to herself. "Perhaps he was hungry. He certainly did look pale and tired, and his rags were dreadful. I wish I hadn't snatched those clothes back. It wasn't real nice and ladylike of me, now I come to think of it. I wish—" All of a sudden, Matty Vernor made up her mind as she hung Aunt Ann's lace cap on the nail by the window. She set her rosy lips together; her eyes glistening determination.

Down through the golden gleam of the ripening rye field went a little curving path close to the stone wall, crossing the brook on a narrow plank, and often losing itself in a wooded copse, joined the main road close to a peaceful, willow-shaded graveyard.

Here ten minutes afterward, Matty Vernor came upon the tired tramp sitting on the stone wall.

"Oh, here you are!" said she. "I thought I should overtake you if I took the short-cut. I've brought you a tin of coffee and some sandwiches and a piece of home-baked gingerbread. I'm sorry I spoke so cross to you; but, you see, I was vexed to see the dinner pie gone, and the cup custards, too. And here are the clothes. I'm afraid you need them very much.

"Thank you," said the man, dejectedly. "You see, I haven't always—"

"Oh, never mind all that," interrupted Matty, imperiously. "I know about having seen better days,' and that sort of thing. But you really ought to be a little more particular about the truth."

Unconsciously Matty had fallen into the air that she adopted when she was haranguing her Sunday-school class. Her bright eyes sparkled; she emphasized each point by tapping her foot on the ground and lifting her berry-stained forefinger in the air.

"Yes, but—"

"You should go to work," said the girl. "You can't expect always to tramp about the country. It will end, sooner or later, in the county jail, and you are too smart-looking a man to bring up like that."

The man, eating his bread and meat and drinking his coffee, listened meekly until she stopped for sheer lack of breath.

"Yes," said he, with a sigh. "But, you see, I'm not a tramp. Oh, I know appearances are against me!" as Matty's glance reverted to his wretched tatters; "but I really am not a tramp. You see—"

The sound of approaching wagon wheels startled the girl.

"Oh, I dare say!" said she. "But I really can't stay any longer talking. I must get back. Here's a quarter for you. Mind you don't spend it for beer."

And flinging the coin towards him—it missed its aim and rolled to the foot of old Deacon Jobley's gravestone, whence the man rescued it with prompt dispatch—she vanished back into the wood-path and was seen no more.

Half an hour later, Squire Somerset, examining a pile of law papers in his office, was startled by the sudden appearance of a tall figure in his doorway.

"Nothing for you, my man—go along!" said he curtly, without looking up.

"That's always the way!" sighed a resigned voice. "It's 'Move on!' wherever I go. But I've 'moved on' just about far enough, old man!"

And he perched himself composedly on the office desk.

The squire stared.

"The voice," said he, "is the voice of Frank Atherton, and the countenance also beareth witness thereto! But the faded corduroys and the velveteen coat are the coat and corduroys of old Job Vernor, who died two years ago. Old fellow" (clasping him cordially by both hands) "you're welcome! Where on earth did you drop from? For—not to disguise the truth—I honestly did take you for a tramp!"

"I meant to give you a surprise," said Mr. Atherton, still in the same account of melancholy composure. "And I've every reason to think that I have succeeded. I left Wyndale to walk into Glen's Falls, and a mile or so below here the river meandering through the woods looked so enticing that I ventured on a bath, just at sunrise. Unfortunately, however. I was not the earliest bird going. Some deep-dyed villain, while I was disporting myself in the lucid element, stole my clothes leaving a mass of dirty rags behind. Then I was a tramp in spite of myself, and such a lecture I got from a pretty maiden at a farmhouse on the road! However, she gave me something to eat, between her pieces of advice, also this wardrobe, and when the express delivers my trunk, I shall be all right—Richard will be himself again!"

"She gave you those clothes?"

"She did."

"Then," said Squire Somerset, slapping the table until the legal documents flew in all directions over the floor "you've been lectured by Matty Vernor, the prettiest girl in town—old Job's niece, and the owner of a pair of superb black eyes and the best farm in Warren County!"

"Yes," mournfully acceded Atherton. "She told me that I ought to go to work, and then threatened me with the county jail, and finally—bless her dear little heart!—ended up by giving me—this!"

He produced from the pocket of Uncle Job Vernor's trowsers a silver quarter.

The squire grinned broadly.

"Here comes the express delivery now with your box," said he. "And a good thing for you, Atherton, for my wife is going to have a tennis party here this afternoon, and Matty Vernor is the champion player. You can handle a racquet, can't you, old man?"

"Rather," said Mr. Atherton.

Matty Vernor came to the tennis party in pale pink albatross cloth, cut after a semi-masculine fashion that was eminently calculated to drive any one mad.

But when Mrs. Somerset presented her to Mr. Atherton from New York, she changed color and started a little.

"Yes," said Mr. Atherton, in his gentle, mournful way, "you're right. It's the same person. Huckleberry pie, you know—cup custards."

"But—" hesitated Matty, in a bewildered manner.

"You see, you wouldn't allow me to explain," reasoned he. "You were determined I should be a tramp. I couldn't get any innings then, but now's my time. Please may I make an unprejudiced statement?"

Matty listened to his explanation, coloring like a rose.

She would like to have run away, but she had not sufficient moral courage to do so.

"And I gave you Uncle Job's old clothes," said she wringing her hands in despair.

"You never can know how acceptable they were," avowed Atherton.

"And some bread-and-beef sandwiches!"

"Ambrosia and nectar couldn't have tasted better. And the cup-custards—don't forget the cup-custards and the huckleberry-pie. I was so indescribably hungry, Miss Vernor."

"And the quarter of a dollar—my last quarter! You'll give me back that quarter, Mr. Atherton?" said Matty, with a spice of her old mischief.

"Never!" said Atherton. "I'll part with that silver coin only with my life."

Matty dropped her head.

"How I did lecture you!" said she. "How insolent I must have appeared!"

"Not in the least," said Atherton. "Your advice was exactly suited to the occasion, if only I had been a tramp. But I wasn't."

"We are waiting to play, Matty!" cried Mrs. Somerset.

"Come on, Atherton!" bawled his host. "Do you mean to keep us waiting all day?"

"Please," whispered Matty, catching up her racquet, "will you forgive me?"

"A thousand times over!" Atherton answered.

"George," said Mrs. Somerset that night, when Matty Vernor was gone and Atherton had bidden them good night, "our guest and dear little Matty seemed very much taken with each other. He's rich, and ought to have a wife, and Matty is such a darling! Only suppose they should fall in love!"

"I wonder," said Mr. Somerset, solemnly, "if the woman ever was born who wasn't a thorough-going matchmaker.—[Saturday Night."

What is a Wife?

The pretty school teacher, for a little divertisement, had asked her class for the best original definition of "wife," and the boy in the corner had promptly responded, "a rib."

She looked at him reproachfully, and nodded to the boy with dreamy eyes, who seemed anxious to say something.

"Man's guiding star and guardian angel," he said in response to the nod.

"A helpmeet," put in a little flaxen-haired girl.

"One who soothes man in adversity," suggested a demure little girl.

"And spends his money when he's flush," added the incorrigible boy in the corner.

There was a lull, and the pretty, dark-eyed girl said slowly:

"A wife is the envy of spinsters."

"One who makes a man hustle," was the next suggestion.

"And keeps him from making a fool of himself," put in another girl.

"Some one for a man to find fault with when things go wrong," said a sorrowful little maiden.

"Stop right there," said the pretty school teacher. "That's the best definition."

Later the sorrowful little maiden sidled up to her and asked:

"Aren't you going to marry that handsome man who calls for you nearly every day?"

"Yes, dear," she replied, "but with us nothing will ever go wrong. He says so himself."—[Pioneer Press.

An Experienced Salesman.

"Yes, it's rather a high-priced set," assented the clerk at the furniture store, carlessly. "That's what Mrs. Chugwater remarked when she was here the other day. She said she would like to have it, but couldn't afford it. Over here on the other side of the room, now, I think we have—"

"I'll take the set," said Mrs. Billus, with decision.—[Chicago Tribune.

Death Valley in California is the hottest region on earth.

Wonderful Things That the Blind Do.

It seems as though it were only in a few such cases of brilliant talent that there can be any real competition between the blind and the seeing; but a blind child, like one who has lost an arm or leg, may learn to make the most of what is left to him, and to that end the workrooms of the institution claim their full share of each day. The boys are taught to make mattresses, to cane chairs, and if they have ear and brain enough to be tuners, there are models by which they may become familiar with the anatomy of the piano. The girls learn to knit and sew by hand and on machines; they embroider and make coarse lace, and are also taught cooking on little gas stoves. Not long ago one of them had to go home because her mother was ill, and on her return she was heard to say, half in joke and half in earnest: "It was a bad day for me when I learnt to cook, for I was kept at it all the time."

The list which is kept of the occupations folowed by pupils after they leave the school gives some curious reading. One of the tuners in Steinway's warerooms is a graduate, and another was for years an organist of Dr. Howard Crosby's church. An insurance broker, a prosperous newsvender who owns three stalls, a horse-dealer, a tax-collector, a real-estate agent, a florist, are all duly recorded; but the most astonishing entries are those of a lumberman, a sailor and cook, and a switch-tender.

Once outside the walls of the institution the pupils find their own level according to their ability; but wherever they may go they always keep a friendly feeling for the teachers who have literally led them forth, so far as may be, from the shadow of a great darkness; and these in their turn are repaid for hours of patient drudgery by the knowledge that they have helped to turn a useless creature into a man or woman for whom there is a place in the world.—[Scribner.

Restoring Breath in Desperate Cases.

Anybody may be called upon to afford assistance to drowned persons while the doctor is being sent for, and Professor Laborde's simple method for restoring breath when all other means have failed deserves to be universally known.

The other day at a watering place in Normandy two bathers, a young man and a boy, who were unable to swim, went out of their depth and disappeared. They were brought on shore inanimate and were taken to the village. Two doctors were sent for, but the young men gave no sign of life, and they were declared dead.

M. Laborde, who was fishing at half an hour's distance, came up as soon as he heard of the accident. He examined the body and found that the extremities were cold and the heart had stopped. Then taking hold of the root of the tongue he drew it violently forward, giving it a succession of jerks in order to excite the reflex action of the breathing apparatus, which is always extremely sensitive, says the London News. At the end of a few minutes a slight hiccough showed that the patient was saved. In addition to the usual restorative means, Professor Laborde in extreme cases rubs the chest with towels soaked in nearly boiling water.

A Fine Legal Point.

The tramp was before the examining court for stealing a horse.

"Guilty or not guilty?" asked the court.

"Not guilty, Yer Honor," was the prompt response.

"Weren't you caught riding the horse?"

"Yes, Yer Honor."

"Did you buy him?"

"No, Yer Honor."

"Or borrow him?"

"No, Yer Honor."

"Then you must have stolen him."

I didn't, Yer Honor."

"What do you call it, then?"

"I don't know, Yer Honor," and the prisoner was puzzled. "It's this way: I was goin' along the road and the horse was goin' the same way, an' I just got on him an' rid him. Now, if I had got on him an' rid him t'other way you might call that stealin'; but I didn't. Now, what do you call it, Yer Honor?"

The Court took it under advisement.—[Detroit Free Press.

Realized the Catastrophe.

Fanny's mother had company to tea—a gentleman with whom the child was a great favorite, and at whose request the little girl was allowed, contrary to the general rule, to have a seat at the table. During the progress of the meal the little woman was unfortunate enough to tip over her bowl of bread and milk. The disaster was so appalling that she settled back in her high chair and silently gazed at what seemed to her utter ruin. At last, as if the full extent of the catastrope had just dawned upon her she drew a long breath and said, "And the best tablecloth, too!"—[New York Tribune.

To-Morrow.

When Father Time,
Now old and gray,
Was in his prime,
I've oft' heard say,
His one quest was to-morrow.
With Eve he talked
The matter o'er,
With Adam walked,
His spirit sore—
His search was one of sorrow.

From Jordan's tide
To far Cathay;
By Tiber's side
In Cæsar's day,
Fresh trouble he would borrow;
For where he went,
'Twas all in vain,
Past time was spent,
To-day was plain—
But where, where was to-morrow?

And so we see
Him gray and old,
And so he'll be
Through years untold,
There's no ease for his sorrow.
Go where he may,
He'll simply find
Just plain to-day,
Which lags behind
That false mirage—to-morrow.

—[R. L. Hendrick, in Youth's Companion.

HUMOROUS.

Driven to drink—Artesian wells.

"How treacherous the ocean is." "Yes, it is full of craft."

It can be said of the feminine fashion of suspenders that it is holding up.

How many women get sympathy as supposed cripples who only wear tight shoes.

"I think that young man's conduct simply shocking." "That's all right; it's professional with him. He's an electrician."

He—We are now coming to a tunnel. Are you not scared? She—Not a bit, if you will take that cigar out of your mouth.

She—Do you love me for myself alone? He—Yes, and when we're married I don't want any of your family thrown in.

He—Carrie, will you make me the happiest of men? She—I should like to, Harry, but I think I prefer to remain the happiest of women.

Johnny—What did your mother whip you for, Jimmy? Jimmy—Eatin' green fruit. Johnny—Who gave ye away? Jimmy—The doctor.

"Miss Banknote, do you think that your father will object to my suit?" Miss Banknote—I guess not, for he wears one just about as loud himself.

The gentleman so often mentioned in novels, who riveted people with his gaze, has now obtained permanent employment at a boiler manufactory.

Said the lecturer: "The roads up these mountains are too steep and rocky for even a donkey to climb; therefore I did not attempt the ascent.

Yabsley—Do they set pretty appetizing meals at your house, Reddy? Reddy—Appetizing? Oh, yes. A fellow gets up hungrier than when he sat down.

Mrs. Timid—Did you ever find a man under the bed? Mrs. Bluff—Yes; the night we thought there were burglars in the house. I found my husband there.

She—I should think that man would have a fearful load on his conscience. He—He would if it weren't for one thing. She—What's that? He—He hasn't the conscience.

Miranda (sobbing)—It is better in every way that we should part, dear Orlando. Orlando (in a choked voice)—Only in one way, dearest. Miranda—Yes, beloved? Orlando (overcome with emotion)—It is cheaper, darling.

"Did you go on that trout fishing excursion?" "I did." "Did you fish with flies?" "Fish with flies? Yes, we fished with them, camped with them, dined with them, slept with them—why, man, they almost ate us alive!"

"Your husband," said the caller, sympathetically, "was a man of excellent qualities." "Yes," sighed the widow, "he was a good man. Everybody says so. I wasn't much acquainted with him myself. He belonged to six clubs and as many lodges."

Master Harry (a saucy young boarder at Breezy Farm)—I say, Mr. Landlord, my papa wants to know if you expect to continue feeling us all on wind. The Landlord—Well, your mamma said when she came here that it was principally for the air.

Mother—I see the ice man has brought a great big lump this time. Did you tell him I said that if he didn't stop giving short weight I'd have him arrested! Little Dick—No'm; I told him you said he was th' handsomest ice man that ever came here.

The Green-Eyed Monster.

Jess—They went to the mountains on their wedding trip, and Ethel was wretched.

Bess—What was the trouble?

Jess—George fell in love with the scenery.—[Puck.

THE NATIONAL GAME.

CHILDS, of Cleveland, is laid up with a split finger.

BURKE, of New York, leads the League in base running.

CARUTHERS is doing about the best batting for St. Louis.

SCHMIDT, Baltimore's new pitcher, is a prominent twirler.

BOSTON won eleven straight games from Baltimore this year.

DONOVAN leads the Pittsburg team in batting and run-getting.

BIERBAUER, of the Pittsburgs, has done phenomenal work at second.

PFEFFER is now playing first base for Louisville, with Whistler on second.

THE Bostons have found in Baldwin, of St. Louis, the "softest pitching mark" in the League.

THE Philadelphias now have the old star pitchers of the New York team—Keefe and Welch.

IT is doubtful if New York could secure a more desirable or better all-around shortstop than Fuller.

THE famous ex-pitcher of Yale, Stagg, will have charge of the Chicago University foot ball club the coming season.

BASSETT, of Louisville, has been laid up with a broken finger, due to a particularly vicious swipe from Browning's bat.

PITCHER RUSIE, of New York, has developed into quite a batter, and knocked out two and three hits in every game lately.

CLEVELAND appears to be the best disciplined and easiest managed team in the League. Every man on the nine is playing ball to win.

YOUNG, of the Cleveland team, is the star twirler of the League in the second season. Every team that he has faced has had to succumb to his great pitching.

VAN HALTREN, of Baltimore, has signed a contract with the Pittsburg Baseball Club for the balance of the season and all of next. He will receive pay at the rate of $3500.

RECORD OF THE LEAGUE CLUBS.

Clubs.	Won.	Lost.	Per ct.	Clubs.	Won.	Lost.	Per ct.
Cleveland	51	27	.654	Chicago	38	37	.507
Boston	48	26	.996	Cincinnati	37	37	.500
Pittsburg	43	33	.566	Louisville	33	40	.452
Brooklyn	42	33	.560	Baltimore	26	44	.371
Philad'lp'a	40	25	.533	Washing'n	25	50	.333
New York	39	36	.520	St. Louis	25	51	.329

HELD UP A TRAIN.

Robbers Go Through an Express Car on the Missouri Pacific.

Unwarned by the fate of the Dalton band of desperadoes only a week before, two men held up a Missouri Pacific train near Caney, a small town near Coffeyville, Kan., a few nights since, shot Express Messenger J. N. Maxwell through the arm, broke open the express safe and secured all the money in the car. As the regular express money except what was destined for way stations had been transferred at Conway Springs, the booty was of little value.

Just as the train drew up at Caney at 10 o'clock in the night two masked men, heavily armed with rifles and revolvers, climbed on the locomotive tender from the front of the combination baggage and express car and covered Engineer Eggleston and his fireman with their rifles.

The locomotive men were ordered to pull slowly to the switch, where all was darkness and where there was little danger of molestation. This was done.

At the whistling post the outlaws ordered the engineer to stop and made the fireman uncouple the express car from the rest of the train. All this was done so quietly that no one in the coaches was disturbed.

The engineer was then ordered to pull ahead with the express car and obeyed, for the rifles held close to his head looked unpleasantly dangerous. When a deep cut half a mile further on had been reached the engine was halted.

Express Messenger J. N. Maxwell, who had witnessed the uncoupling, had, in the meantime, blown out his lights, barred and barricaded the doors and made ready for resistance.

The order to open up the car elicited no response, and the robbers began firing into the sides of the car with their Winchesters. Maxwell answered the shots with his revolver for a few minutes, but finally received a bullet in his right arm, which disabled him, and he was fain to surrender.

The robbers ordered him to light his lamps and open the car door and as soon as he had done so they entered the car with the engineer in front of them as a shield. Maxwell was then forced to open his safe and deliver up his watch and personal property. The men then backed off the car and disappeared in the darkness.

TROOPS LEAVE HOMESTEAD

The Town Left to the Sheriff After 95 Days of Military Protection.

The military protection that has been given to Homestead, Penn., for ninety-five days came to an end a few mornings ago. Almost the entire population of the town gathered to witness the departure of the militia, but there was no demonstration.

At 10 o'clock every vestige of the camp was removed, and the men marched to Munhall station and boarded the special train which was in waiting. After the departure of the troops the crowd dispersed and the town took on its wonted quiet.

General Wylie said to a reporter that, although he anticipated no further trouble, troops would be held in readiness, and, if circumstances required it, they would quickly return to Homestead.

Sheriff McLeary's force of deputies now numbers thirty men. Mr. Frick visited the works, but declined to be interviewed. The cost to the State has been fully $500,000.

MUCH MONEY AND STAMPS.

Report of the United States Bureau of Engraving and Printing.

The annual report of Captain William M. Meredith, Chief of the Bureau of Engraving and Printing, for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1892, says that the Bureau accomplished another successful year's work. There were completed and delivered during the year 13,728,496 sheets of United States notes, Treasury notes, gold certificates, silver certificates, bonds and National bank notes, having the enormous face value of $709,760,800; 36,466,196 sheets of internal-revenue stamps, containing 1,042,806,244 stamps and having a value of over $154,000,000; 298,625 sheets of customs stamps, containing 2,054,250 stamps, and 2,015,123 sheets of drafts, checks, certificates, etc., together with miscellaneous work for the various departments of the Government, costing $83,579.12.

The number of securities, stamps, etc., delivered during the fiscal year 1891 was larger than for a period of fourteen years prior thereto. The number delivered during the year 1892, however, exceeds that number by 6,135,057 sheets, or slightly more than thirteen per cent., while the expenditures for 1892 exceed those of 1891 by only four per cent. This large amount of work, representing in the aggregate a value of over $863,000,000, was handled throughout the various processes necessary to its completion without the loss to the Government of a single dollar.

JONES IS RE-ELECTED.

Again Chosen as Governor of the Choctaw Nation.

Wilson Jones, the present Governor of the Choctaw Nation, has been declared elected in session at Tuscahoma, Indian Territory, as Governor for the two ensuing years, he having received a majority of seventy-five of all votes cast.

Everything is quiet at present, but no one knows what the outlook will be, as there is sure to be some dissatisfaction from the opposition party, and if any outbreak should occur all the military forces in the Territory will be powerless to prevent serious trouble between the two parties.

THE NEWS EPITOMIZED.

Eastern and Middle States.

AT the continuation of the 250th anniversary exercises of the settlement of Woburn, Mass., Secretary of State Foster represented the President and delivered a speech in his stead.

SECRETARY OF THE TREASURY FOSTER has approved the selection of the site at Walnut and Seventh streets, Philadelphia, Penn., for the new United States Mint. The property will cost $800,000.

GEORGE SCHAEFER, an engineer, and Richard Johnston, his fireman, were suffocated in a mine at Sandy Creek, Penn., by smoke from their engine and foul air.

THE Columbian Art Loan Exhibition at the National Academy of Design was formally opened in New York City by Mayor Grant.

SENATOR SHERMAN, of Ohio, addressed a mass meeting of Republicans at Cooper Union, New York City.

IN his charge to the Grand Jury in the case of the Homestead (Penn.) Advisory Committee, Chief Justice Paxson held that defiance of the law and seizure of property by violence constituted treason against the State.

South and West.

MRS. WILLIAM SHARPE, an insane woman, of Crothsville, Ind., poured coal oil on her husband while he slept, and then applied a match, burning him to death. Sharpe endeavored to escape, but the woman opposed his efforts and was herself fatally burned.

THE Canadian Pacific steamer Willimette was run down by a steam collier in Puget Sound, Washington, in a fog, and five of her passengers lost their lives and seventeen were injured.

JUST as a freight train was passing a curve at Bennettsville, S. C., one of the cars jumped the track carrying another with it and wrecking the train. Boyd Farley, John Mitchell and Charles Owens, employes of the road, were killed.

Washington.

THE expenditures for pensions during the last quarter were $40,377,574, which indicates a total of $160,000,000 for the year.

THE United States customs receipts for September jumped from $14,120,940 in 1891 to $17,266,947 this year, and the receipts for the quarter ending September 30th increased $9,000,000 and made those for the last quarter $100,000,000.

THE War Department has decided to abandon Fort Duchesne, Utah, and to transfer the two troops of cavalry there to Fort Logan, Col., and an order to this effect has been issued.

PRESIDENT HARRISON was presented by John Joy Edson, Chairman of the Citizens' Executive Committee, with a handsome souvenir medal of the late G. A. R. encampment in Washington. The medal, which was struck especially for the President, is made from the metal of condemned cannon.

The contest for the position of professor of modern languages at the West Point Military Academy, a position which carries with it a salary of about $4000 per annum and the rank of Colonel, has ended in favor of Captain E. E. Wood, of the Eighth Cavalry, the present assistant professor of Spanish at the Academy.

MR. SOLOMON HIRSCH, United States Minister to Turkey, called upon the President and tendered his resignation. It was accepted.

MINISTER EGAN had an hour's conference with the President at the White House in regard to the relations between Cuba and the United States.

Foreign.

AN explosion in the electrical works in the Elcenstrasse, in Koenigsberg, Germany, wrecked the building and set fire to the ruins. Several workmen were injured severely and two were killed outright. A tenement house next door caught fire and burned with such rapidity that twelve of the tenants had to save their lives by jumping from the third story windows. An old man named Teike and his three young grandchildren were burned to death. Of the twelve persons who jumped four broke legs or arms.

A NEW agreement between Chile and Peru settles the differences concerning the guano beds. The agreement has to be ratified by the Chilean Congress.

IN Tolueca and Zacatecas, Mexico, there have been hundreds of deaths from starvation and exposure.

SPECIAL ENVOY W. H. CURTIS and Minister Snowden presented the official invitation to the Royal family of Spain to go to Chicago to assist in the opening of the World's Fair. The Duke of Veragua has recovered from his illness and will accept the invitation.

PARNELL'S memory was honored in Dublin, Ireland, by a monster procession.

GENERAL JOAQUIN CRESPO entered Caracas and was proclaimed provisional President of Venezuela. He appointed his Cabinet. Villegas-Pulido and his Ministers escaped to Martinique, West Indies.

THE Queen Regent of Spain and the little King arrived at Huelva from Cadiz to take part in the Columbus celebration; there was a naval parade at Cadiz.

COLONEL NICOLAS SMITH, American Consul at Three Rivers, Canada, has been mobbed because in a consular report he severely criticised the sanitary condition of the town.

THE LABOR WORLD.

LONDON has 4000 letter carriers.

AGRICULTURE employs 3,000,000 Italian women.

FIFTEEN THOUSAND Clyde (Scotland) shipbuilders are out of work.

CHINESE manufacturers and laborers control almost the entire shoe industry of California.

THE Temesent tin mine in California has paid off its thirty-five employes and shut down for good.

THE strength of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen, according to the latest report, is 26,000.

DURING the last financial year a profit was made in the Scotch prisons of $20,165 out of the labor of the prisoners.

THIS year the German-American Typographia has had fifty per cent. more unemployed members to support than last year.

MOSES BOYD, aged seventy-eight, is conductor on a suburban train from Dedham, Mass., to Boston, and is probably the oldest conductor in the country.

IT is stated that there have been over 700 workmen killed on the World's Fair grounds, 542 having met death in the construction of the Fine Arts Building.

FIFTEEN THOUSAND cotton looms in Ghent, Belgium, have been stopped in consequence of the stagnation in trade. The stoppage will cause great misery among the working people.

A BANKER at Melbourne, Australia, was recently fined $25,000 and sentenced to ten years' imprisonment for swindling working people out of their earnings by land dealings. Another got a dose of $2500 and four years.

VARIOUS railroad organizations, including the Brotherhoods of Locomotive Firemen, Railway Conductors and Switchmen, have organized a Railway Employes' Industrial Banding Union, with a guaranteed capital of $10,000,000.

IN Austria the wages per week of seven days average as follows: Men, women and young people over fifteen years old, $1.86; males (men and young people), $2.37; men, $2.45; females (women and young women), $1.45; women, $1.49.

ASSISTANT SECRETARY NETTLETON has informed an inquirer that out of an issue of 4000 ten-thousand-dollar legal-tender notes there is but one note now outstanding, and that there are but three five-thousand-dollar notes outstanding out of a total issue of $20,000,000.

JACK PRINCE, the Omaha bicycle racer, won a ten-mile race with two pacing horses at the fair grounds at Omaha the other day. Each horse went five miles. The time was thirty-two minutes and twenty-three seconds.

The North Carolinian.

Published Every Wednesday

For terms and advertising rates see first page.

Communications relative to and of the interest of the Albemarle District solicited.

NATIONAL REPUBLICAN TICKET.

FOR PRESIDENT:

BENJAMIN HARRISON,

Of Indiana.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT:

WHITELAW REID,

Of New York.

STATE REPUBLIBAN TICKET.

For Governor:

DAVID M. FURCHES,

Of Iredell.

Lieutenant Governor:

JAMES M. MOODY,

Of Macon.

Secretary of State:

RUFIS AMIS,

Of Granville.

Treasurer:

HENRY C. DOCKERY,

Of Richmond.

Superintendent of Public Instruction

EDWARD C. PERISHO,

Of Guilford.

Auditor:

HIRAM L. GRANT,

Of Wayne.

Attorney General:

THOMAS R. PURNELL,

Of Wake.

Justice Supreme Court:

WILLIAM S. BALL,

Of Guilford.

SOME FACTS TO PONDER OVER.

Prices of manufactured products were never so low in our history as they are to-day. The Senate report shows that agricultural products have advanced 18 per cent since the passage of the new tariff act. The balance of trade in our favor for the last twelve months was over two hundred million dollars, yet the Democratic party tells us we put a tariff on their products. We export in grain in one year more than we did in fifteen under a democratic low tariff.

We have 65,000,000 people that consume more than any other 65,000 000 people in the world, because we have more money, because of the protective tariff enabling us to make more money than any other 65,000, 000 people. The best consumer in the world is the near-by consumer.

We are told that if we had raw material free in this country we could go out and capture the markets in the world. We have the finest material in the world, and under the democratic tariff we had nothing but raw material.

Protection encourages the American shop; free trade the foreign shop. We can have free trade in this country only when the nations of the old lift up the condition of the laboring until it is equal to ours. Then we will compete with them anywhere in the world and take our chances for supremacy.

TO JEFFERSONIAN DEMOCRATS.

Thomas Jefferson was solicitous that the people should not buy anything abroad which could be had at home. He set the example of buying the domestic goods, even though the former cost more than the latter. He did not have the depth of sympathy for cheap foreign goods which the new leader of the Democratic party boastfully confesses dwells in his breast. Jefferson was for the home product and the home producer, and his exalted patriotism is commended to those who are leading the party from its ancient moorings.

Republicans are willing to exchange Judge Gresham for Gen. Sickles and to give up Mugwump MacVeagh for George Ticknor Curtis. The two who have gone have both for some time been quite steadily sliding, like glaciers, toward the Cimmerean wastes of Democracy.

It will be remembered that in 1888 the Democrats carried Illinois, Iowa, Minnesota and Colorado every day in September and October except Sundays, but in November the Republicans carried them. The same thing is happening in 1892.

The Democrats carried the elections of 1890 by misrepresenting the McKinley tariff, and they hope to win this year by evading it. The people whom they deceived two years ago will bring them to judgment.

The CAROLINIAN claims that protection to American homes, American industries and American labor should be sustained by the American people as a patriotic duty.

Everybody reads the sad bulletins touching Mrs Harrison's gradual decline toward the dark valley with profound sorrow, and with unqualified sympathy for the President,

The scolding and shouts and shrieks about the Force bill are no more regarded than the hooting of owls or the song of the katydids.

Secretary Rusk officially declares that the United States is free from the disease known as contageous pleuro pneumonia.

The democratic free traders consult maxims, we consult markets; they follow the shadows, we pursue the substance.

AN IMPORTANT ISSUE.

One of the important issues in this State is a fair and honest Election law. The Republican and the Peoples' party both unite in demanding this. It is a vital matter, and every man who believes that government of the people and for the people is only possible where the popular voice finds honest expression at the ballot box will cast his vote in such a way as to secure this result.

And to do this the CAROLINIAN earnestly advises that in Republican counties and districts all should vote for the Republican nominees; in every other let all unite in support of the candidates of the Peoples' party, It is the only way to defeat the common enemy—the Democrats. And this every true Republican must devoutly wishes.

A BUSINESS CONTRAST.

In 1891, during the nine months ending October 1 of that year, the number of business failures in the United States was 8,806, with total liabilites of $38,871,000.

In 1892, during the corresponding period, under Republican reciprocity and protection, the business failures in the country numbered 7,378 with total liabilities of $76,971,000

In 1891, during the eight months ending August 31 of that year, the exports of lumber from the United States to Cuba, Porto Rico, Santa Domingo and Brazil, amounted in round numbers to $256,000.

In 1892, during the same period, Republican reciprocity, our exports of lumber to the same countries amounted to $368,000—an increase $112,000.

A PATRIOTIC DUTY.

The CAROLINIAN believes it to be the patriotic duty of the Republicans of this District to reconcile into one political force all of the elements of opposition to the Bourbon Democracy and concentrate on Congressman and Senators, and hence it advises and advocates a "fusion" of the opponents of the Democratic party in the District in support of candidates for these places.

The CAROLINIAN is satisfied that a decided majority of the *people* of this District are opposed to the policy and course of the Democracy, and political wisdom demands that this majority shall be so massed as to be surely effective.

KITCHEN ON CLEVELAND.

A friend has sent us a copy of the "Scotland Neck Democrat," of December 6, 1888, in which is a lurid article from Hon. W. H. Kitchen on "Cleveland's Defeat." The following are a few extracts:

Cleveland was defeated because he was a Cleveland man and not a party man. He was defeated because he bent all his efforts to build up a Cleveland party instead of the Democratic party. He was defeated because he was at heart neither a Democrat nor a Republican but a cross between the two—a Mugwump. * * His appointments were not made to strengthen the Democratic party or the country, but to reward his personal friends. * * His will so controlled and dominated every nook and corner of his administration that each Democratic official felt that to contravene his will was immediate official death. * * * Instead of standing by the silver coinage act, he joined the gold men and made war on silver, the peoples' money.

The times are too critical for James G. Blaine to hold his peace. There is a revolution to avert, and no less momotous because industrial, not martial, in character. His Ophir Farm speech carries terror to the British free trade cohorts.

It is said that the celebrated Kentucky blue grass will be represented at the World's Fair by a display of sod grasses from the home of Henry Clay and other historic spots.

If Washington were living at the present time the Democrats would refuse to vote for him because he signed a protective tariff law like the one which bears the name of McKinley.

General Weaver explains that he left Georgia because he is an orator and not an incubator.

The State Fair is going on at Raleigh this week.

State Treasurer, D. W. Bain, is lying at the point of death.

Mr. Gatling's Acceptance.

SAREM, Gates Co., Oct., 1, '92

Hon. Theo. White and Others,

GENTLEMEN:—I have received your letter notifying me that the Executive Committee of the People's party of the First District of N. C., at a meeting held at Edenton, on the 20th of September ultimo, nominated me for Congress, and asking that I accept the same. I take this occasion to say to you, and to those you represent, that I accept the honor tendered and shall do what I can to carry the flag to victory. I need hardly add that I am in sympathy with the needs and demands of the farmers of North Carolina, and any measure tending to the uplifting of the masses of my countrymen will find in me a faithful friend, without regard to the source from whence said measure comes. With high regard for you each individually, I am yours to command.

RIDDICK GATLING.

Simmons Liver Regulator is the foe of malaria as it throws off the bile and prevents its accumulating.

WASHINGTON LETTER.

[From our Regular Correspondent.]

WASHINGTON, Oct. 14, 1892

The shadow is upon the White House, it may come to-morrow, next week or next month, but all hope that it can be averted has been given up and all that is left for the President and his family is to make Mrs. Harrison as comfortable as possible and to bear with Christian resignation and fortitude the affliction which the inscrutable wisdom of Divine Providence has put upon them' and Mrs. Harrison, in the full knowledge of her condition, is setting them a most worthy example One of Mrs. Harrison's lungs is entirely gone and the other nearly gone, but in spite of her great and growing weakness she continues cheerful and exerts herself constantly to cheer her husband and children.

A gentleman just from West Virginia informs me that a careful canvass of that State has been made by the Republican managers and that it shows it shows conclusively that the State is Republican by a safe majority, and the Republicans are determined not to allow themselves to be cheated out of the State as they were when Gen. Goff ran for governor a few years ago.

"It is just as much larceny to steal a political right as it is to steal private property," said Attorney General Miller in his argument before the Supreme Court against the constitutionality of that Democratic steal known as the Michigan electoral law. Referring to the Democratic argument that the case was political and therefore out of the jurisdiction of the courts, the Attorney General pertinently said: "I hold it to be one of the most hopeful signs of the times that the courts are either arousing or being aroused to the fact that if the rights of the people of the United States are to be preserved they must be preserved by an observance and enforcement of the law and that they are prepared to take a dare taking by the wrists political bosses, who, assuming that questions are purely political, are committing grand larceny with reference to the rights of the people of the United States." A decision in this case is expected in time to have the Michigan presidential electors chosen in accordance therewith, and there is little doubt that it will upset the contemplated steal.

The political news coming into Washington all continues favorable to Republican success.

Fox hunters who have "headquarters in the saddle" and all who delight in riding horse-back or in holding the ribbons" behind a stylish team, will doubtless be pleased to learn that Salvation Oil will readily heal saddle galls and galls from the collar or traces, so that the chafed animal need not have to stop work. It should be kept in every stable. 25 cts. At all dealers.

Wearing the Yoke of Prejudice.

Farmer's Advocate.

In the course of a sermon a minister recently spoke with great force and appositeness of the prejudice that now exists throughout this country and he characterized many as "wearing the yoke of predjudice." It is to be regretted that this is true, but throughout North Carolina today there is more prejudice, bitterness, dissention and discord than ever known before probably in the history of the State.

It is certainly an unfortunate state of affairs. We had hoped that all of this bad feeling, bitterness and strife and it would not be engendered would not be so to-day had men who honestly differed been granted the right to think for themselves.

Every man is guaranteed freedom of thought, freedom of speech and freedom of action, and why should a man be denounced and abused for thinking, and acting of his own volition? This minister was right in saying that a good many people today are "wearing the yoke of prejudice."

This should not be so, All prejudice and bitterness should be wiped out. If a man chooses to vote the Peoples party, Democratic or Republican ticket, let him, do so. He has the right to give expression to his own choice at the ballot box and no one should object.

Specimen Cases

S H Clifford, New Cassel, Wis, was troubled with Neuralgia and Rheumatism, his Stomach was disordered, his Liver was affected to an alarming degree, appetite fell away, and he was terribly reduced in flesh and strength. Three bottles of Electric Bitters cured him

Edward Shepherd, Harrisburg, Ill, had a running sore on his leg of eight years standing. Used three bottles of Electric Bitters and seven boxes of Bucklen's Arnica Salve, and his leg is sound and well. John ySpeaker, Catawba, O, had five large fever sores on his leg, doctors said he was was incurable. One bottle of Electric Bitters and one box of Bucklen's Arnica Salve cured him Sold by Alex Wadsworth

Declined With Thanks.

Columbus Journal

Dear Grover—Your letter of September 26 is at hand. Your proposition to take your old job at the same salary is respectfully declined. A "solemn sense of responsibility" impels this course on our part. Mr. Harrison is doing quite well, thank you.

THE PEOPLE.

Health brings happiness. TakeSimmons Liver Regulator for stomach, liver and kidney troubles

A Pertinent Question.

Minneapolis Tribune.

The $10,000 which Cleveland has paid to the fund to promote his own election is not in "wildcat" money. How can he have saved $10,000 in this tax ridden country.

Coughs and colds kept off by taking Simmons Liver Regulator to regulate the system.

LADIES

Needing a tonic, or children who want building up, should take

BROWN'S IRON BITTERS.

It is pleasant; cures Malaria, Indigestion, Biliousness, Liver Complaints and Neuralgia.

STOP AND THINK.

Albemarle Park Journal

Do you think it a good thing to improve our agricultural resources? Do you think we are better off for having fine stock? Does it pay us better to raise our horses or buy the old "street car plugs" brought to us from the large cities? Have not our people been stimulated to raising better milch cows? Ten years ago no cow appeared on the tax list for more than ten dollars valuation; look now on the tax list of Elizabeth City township and you will find several valued at from forty to fifty dollars and can't be bought for double that amount. Ten years ago we were severely criticized by strangers visiting our section for having such poor and inferior stock; they went away disgussed with our country. Bad roads and streets, poor stock and dilapidated buildings have done more to prevent capitalists from coming among us than anything.

THEN AND NOW.

Things have changed; what has done it? Fine stock, good roads and streets, level-headed business men, new fine houses built and old ones made new, capitalists have come and bought our unimproved property and waste places, trade of our town has doubled, new places of business are constantly being opened up.

Now if you have been blinded by the glare of this wondeaful progress and cannot see things as we have stated, we will then refer you to figures, for it is said "figures don't lie." Examine the tax list of Pasquotank and you will find the taxable figures increased within the last four years $542, 000.

WHAT FARMERS MAY HAVE.

Park Journal

A man who can be satisfied with a small business that will give a fair income, he may take to farming. It will, if properly conducted, give a better yield on a small capital than any other honorable business known. There may be those who doubt this statement, but it is true.

Name one honorable business, if you can, requiring only two or three thousand dollars that will give such a yield. It is indeed an honest and independent avocation. A certain merchant was heard to say that he had to be polite to maintain his custom, although there were many times when he would have gladly knocked some offending person out of the door, but on the farm a man is more independent than he can possibly be in any othe place. It is true that when selling he must have what his customers want, but he doesn't have to meet so many people.

Then, too, he can spend a great deal more time at home with his family, and this is an important and serious feature in the life of every true man. Some men scarcely have time to become acquainted with their families. It is said that the child of a certain very busy business man once went to her mother crying and said, "Mamma, the man that stays here over Sunday whipped me."

In the farm home a man can have, if he so manages it, nearly all that is really valuable of the city life, and, too, when Fair time comes—it being the season when he can best spare a few days from work—he can go, with his family, and have recreative enjoyment, while to the city business man it is his busiest time.

Leah Nixon Will Not Hang.

State Chronicle,

The Governor has commuted the sentence of Leah Nixon, a colored woman of Perquimans county, convicted of murder, to be hanged on December 2, to life imprisonment, for the following reasons: The testimony of Leah Nixon was used to convict Martha Holley, who is now serving a life sentence in the State prison for being complicated in the same case.

The judge and solicitor who tried the case ask for a commutation of sentence of Leah Nixon on the ground that she was a mere tool of Martha Holley, being a half witted creature and was induced to do what she did by threats and promises. They show that there are many authorities, showing that a prisoner used by the State has a right to clemency.

Vance's Address.

Exchange.

Senator Vance has written a letter in which he says: "The Alliance leaders pressed to the front, thrust the real farmers aside, and involved the Alliance in the wildest and most impracticable propositions ever heard of among sane men."

We are not going to say much about the Senator. He is sick, getting old, and has lost much of his popularity. But we want to ask him if he hasn't advised the farmers time and again to organize? Didn't he tell them that whatever they wanted would be granted by the lawmakers at Washington? Didn't he sign the Ocala platform during the sitting of the last last legislature, just before his re-election to the Senate? Didn't he promise to do all he could to have the Alliance demands enacted into laws? Didn't he go back to the Senate, sit down and not open his mouth in favor of these demands? Can he show one word or act on the Senate record in proof of his attempting to carry out the solemn promises? No, not one. No, Senator, your advice falls flat on most of the farmers of North Carolina.

Why suffer with dyspepsia, billiousaess or any disease of the liver when you can be cured by Simmons Liver Regulator.

Mr. Powderly on the Democratic Party.

Journal of Knights of Labor.

A party which seeks to obscure its villianous declaration in favor of wildcat banks behind a whirlwind dust of tariff deception must be in sore straits. Every sentence in the Democratic platform is intended to catch votes, every paragraph is framed to gull the citizen, Yes, the Democratic party is the party of the poor man, and if he continues to vote that ticket he will never be anything else than a poor man.

FOR DYSPEPSIA

Use Brown's Iron Bitters.

Physicians recommend it.

All dealers keep it. $1.00 per bottle. Genuine has trade-mark and crossed red lines on wrapper.

Ladies

Sometimes object to a Pipe, and every one objects to a Bad Cigar. You can smoke

OLD VIRGINIA CHEROOTS

with perfect satisfaction both to yourself and friends, as their aroma is equal to the Best Cigar. FIVE for TEN CENTS.

The Winston Sentinel says that P. F. Gordon, a colored man about 50 years of age, who since his manumission from slavery has been known as Gordon Now if you have been blinded by the glare of this wondeaful progress and cannot see things as we have stated, we will then refer you to figures, for it is said "figures don't lie." Examine the tax list of Pasquotank and you will find the taxable figures increased within the last four years $542, 000.

I used Simmons Liver Regulator for indigestion, with immediate relief —O G Sparks, Ex-Mayor, Macon, Ga

The jail of Harnett county at Lillington has been burned.

DR. BULL'S COUGH SYRUP THE BEST MADE 25c.

Sold by all dealers in medicine.

SALVATION OIL

Price only 25 Cts. Sold by all dealers.

Positively cures Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Swellings, Bruises, Lumbago, Sprains, Headache, Toothache, Burns, Cuts, Wounds, Scalds, Backache, etc.

CHEW LANGE'S PLUGS, The Great Tobacco Antidote!—Price 10 Cts. At all druggists.

NOTICE.

North Carolina Pasquotank County. In the Superior Court.

John L. Munden und Lutie Munden petitioners, vs. Mary W. Munden, Clarence A. Munden, Charles W. Munden, Penelope F. Munden and Joshua W. Munden, respondents,

The defendants will take notice: That the above named plaintiffs or petioners have filed a petition in the Superior Court of Pasquotank County, for the partition of the lands of the late James H. Munden among his heirs at law, said to be the parties to this proceeding. And the said defendants, especially Mary W. Munden, who is a non-resident of the State of North Carolina, will take notice that they are required to appear at the Courthouse in Pasquotank County on the 17th day of November 1892 and answer the complaint or petition in this cause filed in the Superior Court, or demur to the same, otherwise the relief prayed for will be granted.

Signed at office in Elizabeth City, N. C. this the 1st, September, 1892.

J. P. OVERMAN, C S C

Salem Female Academy,

—SALEM, N. C.—

The Oldest Female College in the South

The 91st Annual Session begins September 1st, 1892. Register for last year 327 Special features: **the Development of Health, Character and Intellect.** Buildings thoroughly remodelled. Fully equipped Preparatory, Collegiate and Post Graduate Departments, besides first-class schools in **Music, Art Languages, Elocution, Commercial and Industrial** studies.

JOHN H. CLEWELL, Principal.

A. W. HAFF,

Successor to

Lanphear & Haff,

Wholesale Commission Deale

In Fresh Fish, Lobster

Etc., Etc.

NO. 12 FULTON FISH MARKET

NEW YORK.

North Carolina Shad a Specialty

No Agents.

PURE STEEL ROOFING.

Metallic Weather Boarding,

Complete Ceilings,

Corrugated Sheeting,

Roofing Paints,

Iron Roofing,

Eave Troughs, Gutters and Spouting,

All forms of Sheet Metal for Building

(COMPLETE AND READY TO APPLY WHEN SHIPPED.)

WE WANT —AN— AGENT

In this town—an energetic workman to take order, and APPLY our materials in this vicinity.

Correspondence solicited; write for prices and terms.

SCOTT & CO., Cincinnati, Ohio.

ESTABLISHED 1872.

THE GREATEST REFRIGERATOR IMPROVEMENT OF THE AGE.

THE GURNEY PATENT REFRIGERATOR.

No. 8. Front sectional view showing position of removable galvanized ice compartment, mineral wool packing, etc.

THE ONLY CLEANABLE REFRIGERATOR.

The greatest economy of ice. The lowest average temperature.

If your dealer does not sell the "Gurney," send for Catalogue and Prices.

GURNEY REFRIGERATOR CO., Fond du Lac, Wis.

SAVE 50%

BY COOKING

YOUR FEED!

BE progressive, inform yourself, investigate what we claim. If it is true you want to avail yourself of it. Hundreds of farmers and stock-feeders testify to its great merits.

SAVE EXPENSE OF GRINDING

MAKES TWICE THE FAT

FEEDS DOUBLE THE STOCK,

SAVES Two Dollars every time the contents are cooked and fed out.

CIRCULARS, FULL INFORMATION AND POINTS TO STOCK-FEEDERS FREE.

Mitchell Machine Co., KENDALLVILLE, INDIANA.

P. P. P.

The PROVIDENTIAL PILE PREPARATION is sold under a positive guarantee to cure any case of Piles if our directions are followed. For sale by your druggist, or post paid on receipt of price, $1.00, and our guarantee to refund same if no cure follows our directions. References, any Bank in the United States.

Providential Pile Preparation Co.

SOUTH PITTSBURGH, PENN.

DR. THACHER'S

Liver and Blood SYRUP

A POWERFUL TONIC PURE LIVER REGULATOR AND PERFECT BLOOD PURIFIER

Mr. Bert Marchbanks, Druggist, Sparta, Tenn., informs us that a case of scrofulous sore eyes was cured by taking three large bottles of Dr. Thacher's Liver and Blood Syrup.

Price, 50c and $1.

Treatise on Liver and Blood Diseases Mailed Free.

Dr. H. S. Thacher Medicine Co.,

CHATTANOOGA, TENN.

DIFFUSIBLE TONIC FOR ALL FEVERS

The Only Remedy of its Kind.

RELIEVES AT ONCE

all Feverish conditions. When used promptly, in the first stages, will prevent Malarial Fever, Typhoid Fever, Yellow Fever, and quickly relieves all serious conditions in Hay Fever, Measles, Scarlet Fever and Diphtheria.

Guaranteed to Break up Chills and Fever, Ague Colds and La Grippe at once. No Bad Effects.

A Medical Record Without Parallel:

Yellow Fever, Jacksonville, Fla., 1888; Typhoid Fever, Negaunee, Mich., 1888; Malarial Fever, Chills and Fever, Colds, Scarlet Fever, Measles and Influenza or LaGrippe.

The Proprietor's guarantee with $1.00 bottles. Sold by Druggists at 50c and $1 per bottle. Prepared by Diffusible Tonic Co., Sturgis, Mich.

DIFFUSIBLE TONIC FOR CHILLS

TAKE AN AGENCY FOR

DAGGETT'S Self-basting ROASTING PAN

Needed in every family. Saves 20 Per Cent. in Roasting and Bakes the Best Bread in the world.

BEST UTENSIL in the universe.

Address nearest office for terms.

W. A. Daggett & Co., Vineland, N. J., Boston, Mass., Atlanta, Ga., Chicago, Ill., Salt Lake City, Utah, Oakland, Cal., Galveston, Tex.

TOWER'S FISH BRAND Oil Clothing

is warranted the Best in the World!

Is more WATERPROOF,

Is STRONGER, and will WEAR LONGER

than any other goods manufactured.

Ask for the "FISH BRAND;" take no other.

A. J. TOWER CO., Sole Agents, Baltimore, Md.

W. L. DOUGLAS $3 SHOE FOR GENTLEMEN.

And other specialties for Gentlemen, Ladies, Boys and Misses are the

Best in the World.

See descriptive advertisement which will appear in this paper.

Take no Substitute, but insist on having W. L. DOUGLAS' SHOES, with name and price stamped on bottom. Sold by

FOR SALE BY A. O.

DR. BULL'S COUGH SYRUP

ROYAL SEWING MACHINE

WARRANTED 5 YEARS

Has a Large High Arm.
Has a Self-setting Needle.
Has a Self-threading Shuttle.
Has No Equal in Construction.
Has a Mechanical Appearance.
Has an Elegant Finish.
Has a Perfect Adjustment.
Has a Positive Take-up.
Has Stylish Furniture.
Has More Good Sewing Qualities and does a Larger Range of General Work than any Sewing Machine in the World.

Examine THE ROYAL for points of excellence; and you will buy no other.

ROYAL S. M. CO., Rockford, Ill.

NO CURE PAY

ON RECEIPT OF 50 CENTS

WE WILL MAIL A BOX OF

TETTERINE!

THE ONLY INFALLIBLE CURE FOR

Tetter, Ground Itch, Itching Piles, Ring Worm and all Itching Skin Diseases.

If you have TETTER, it matters not how long it has existed, TETTERINE will as certainly cure you as you use it.

Harmless, Painless and Fragrant.

MONEY Refunded if you are dissatisfied with the results—References—Southern Bank of the State of Georgia, Chatham Bank, and National Bank of Savannah.

J. T. SHUPTRINE & BRO.

SAVANNAH, GA.

MARYLAND ROASTER AND BAKER

BEST SIMPLEST AND CHEAPEST

THE STEAM produced by the process of cooking cannot escape, is absorbed by the article in the roaster, and acts as a basting. There is no evaporation, no drying up or burning, hence no shrinkage or loss of weight, and all the flavor and nutritious qualities of the food are retained. Tough meats are made tender, and any article roasted or baked will be sweeter, healthier and more digestible. Put the food in the roaster, place the roaster in a well heated oven the roaster will do the cooking. It requires no attention. Can only be bought from dealers, the trade supplied by:

MATTHAI, INGRAM & CO.,

120 HANOVER ST., BALTIMORE, MD.

64 READE ST., NEW YORK.

THREE Pozzoni's POINTS

COMPLEXION POWDER: SAFE; CURATIVE; BEAUTIFYING. 1.2.3.

THREE White, Flesh, Brunette. POZZONI'S All Druggists and Fancy Stores. TINTS

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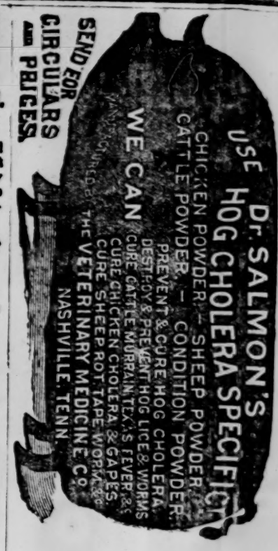
USE Dr. SALMON'S HOG CHOLERA SPECIFIC
CHICKEN POWDER—SHEEP POWDER
CATTLE POWDER—CONDITION POWDER
WE CAN PREVENT & CURE HOG CHOLERA
DESTROY & PREVENT HOG LICE & WORMS
CURE CATTLE MURRAIN, TEXAS FEVER & GAPES
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NASHVILLE, TENN.

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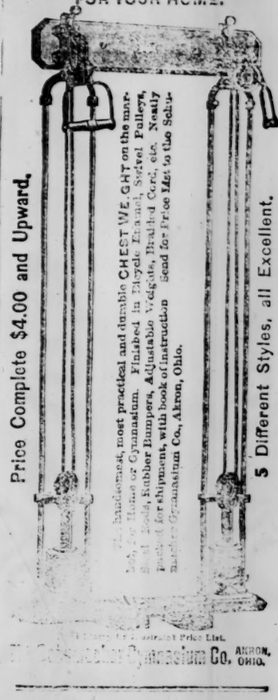

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5 Different Styles, all Excellent.

Illustrated, most practical and durable CHEST WEIGHT on the market. Finished in Bright Enamel, Nickel Plated, Rubber Bumpers, Adjustable Weights, Braided Cord, etc. Neatly packed for shipment, with book of instruction. Send for Price List to the Schoolmaster Co., AKRON, OHIO.

FAVORITE SINGER!

Warranted for Five Years.

LOW ARM ONLY $20

HIGH ARM $25.00.

OUR FAVORITE SINGER

Drop Leaf, Fancy Cover, Large Drawers, Nickel Rings, Tucker, Ruffler, Binder, Four Widths of Hemmers

Sent on trial. Delivered in your home free of freight charges. Buy only of Manufacturers. Save Canvassers' Commissions. Get New Machines. Address for Circulars and Testimonials.

Co-Operative Sewing Machine Company,

269 S. 11th St., Philadelphia, Pa.

$16 TO $21

TYLER DESK CO., ST. LOUIS, MO

Our Mammoth Catalogue of BANK COUNTERS, DESKS, and other OFFICE FURNITURE for 1893 now ready. New Goods. New Styles in Desks, Tables, Chairs, Book Cases, Cabinets, &c., &c., and at matchless prices, as above indicated. Our goods are well-known and sold freely in every country that speaks English. Catalogues free. Postage 12c.

SIMMONS LIVER REGULATOR

SYMPTOMS OF LIVER DISEASE:

Loss of appetite; bad breath; bad taste in the mouth; tongue coated; pain under the shoulder-blade; in the back or side—often mistaken for rheumatism; sour stomach with flatulency and water-brash; indigestion; bowels lax and costive by turns; headache, with dull, heavy sensation; restlessness, with sensation of having left something undone which ought to have been done; fullness after eating; bad temper; blues; tired feeling; yellow appearance of skin and eyes; dizziness, etc.

Not all, but always some of these indicate want of action of the Liver. For

A Safe, Reliable Remedy

that can do no harm and has never been known to fail to do good,

Take Simmons Liver Regulator

—AN EFFECTUAL SPECIFIC FOR—

Malaria, Bowel Complaint, Dyspepsia, Sick Headache, Constipation, Biliousness, Kidney Affections, Jaundice, Mental Depression, Colic.

A PHYSICIAN'S OPINION.

"I have been practicing medicine for twenty years and have never been able to put up a vegetable compound that would, like Simmons Liver Regulator, promptly and effectually move the Liver to action, and at the same time aid (instead of weakening) the digestive and assimilative powers of the system."

L. M. HINTON, M. D., Washington, Ark.

ONLY GENUINE

Has our Z Stamp in red on front of wrapper.

J. H. Zeilin & Co., Philadelphia, Pa.

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THE CITY.

Mayor—W. C. Glover. Commissioners—W. C. Davis, Geo W. Cobb, C. W. Overman, B. L. Banks and W. G. Underwood. Clerk—E. M. Underwood. Treasurer—G. D. B. Pritchard. Constable and Collector—Thomas Spires. Attorney—W. J. Griffin. Street Commissioner—S. D. Barnes. Fire Commissioners—C. E. Kramer and T. S. White.

Collector of Customs—Palemon John Postmaster—C. Gurkin.

Examining Surgeons of Pensions—Drs. J. E. Wood, W. W. Griggs and W. J. Lumsden, Meet on the 1st and 3rd Wednesdays of each month at corner of Road and Church streets.

CHURCHES.

Methodist—Rev. E. M. Jordan, Pastor, Baptist—Rev. C. A. G. Thomas, Pastor, Episcopal—Rev. L. L. Williams, Rector. Presbyterian—Rev. F. H. Johnston, Pastor.

COLORED. Methodist—Rev. M. P. Hawkins, Pastor. Baptist, Corner Stone—Elder Z H. Berry, Pastor. Olive Branch—Elder J. A. Faulk, Pastor.

LODGES.

Masonic: Eureka Lodge, No. 317.—Dr. W. W. Griggs W, M., D. B. Bradford Sec'y, and D. S. Kramer Treasurer.

Odd Fellows: Achoree Lodge, No. 14—B. L. Banks, N. G., H. O. Hill, Sec'y, J. F. Sanders, Treasurer,

Royal Arcanum: Tiber Creek Council, No, 1209—J. P. Overman Regent, C. E. Kramer Secretary, W. J. Woodley Treas., F. M, Cook Jr, Collector.

American Legion of Honor J. D. Fulmer, Commander; Zenas Fearing, Secretary, G. W. Bell, Treasurer.

Knights of Honor—John H. Engle, Dictator; J. H. Burgess, Reporter; J. P. Overman, Treasurer.

U. S. benevolent Fraternity—J. F. Sanders, President; C. E. Kramer, Recording Secretary; C. A. Banks, Financial Secretary; T. B. Wilson. Treasurer.

THE COUNTY.

Commissioners: G. M. Scott, Chairman; Elisha Lister, Elliott Whitehurst, Rufus Scott, M. W. Butkins. Sheriff, Tho's P. Wilcox. Superior Court Clerk, John P. Overman. Register of Deeds, M. B. Culpepper Treasurer, Geo. W. Cobb. Board of Education. W. J. Griffin, R. B. Creecy jr., and N. E. Jones. Superintendent of Public Instruction, S. L. Sheep

—MISCELLANEOUS.—

G. W. Ward.

Attorney-at-Law.

ELIZABETH CITY, - N. C.

Collections promptly made. Will practice in State and Federal Courts

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Practice in the Superior Courts of the Albemarle District, and the Supreme and Federal Courts of the State.

T. P. WHITE,

BOOT & SHOEMAKER

2d door North of Poindexter Street Bridge, near the Depot

☞ Patching and Mending Rubber Boots a specialty.

GEO. W. BELL.

Gun-Smith,

At the Old Stand on Road Street

ELIZABETH City. N. C.

F. M. COOK,

JEWELER.

East Main Street,

ELIZABETH CITY, N. C.

Fred Davis,

DEALER IN COAL

COAL OF ALL SIZES AND OF BEST QUALITY CONSTANTLY ON HAND.

All Orders filled Promptly.

All coal is screened before leaving the yard, Lowest prices guaranteed.

Office on Water street, Elizabeth City, N. C.

NEW FURNITURE STORE

—0-0—

We have opened a large first-class Furniture Store in the room recently occupied by J Y Old & son, on Water street We have a large and nicely selected stock of all kinds of

FURNITURE

—D—

FURNISHING GOODS

which will be sold at "bottom prices."

☞ Goods will also be sold on the installment plan,

T. B. WILSON & CO.

The North Carolinian.

Wednesday. Oct. 19, 1892.

☞ The pea crop is promising well.

☞ Remember that the registration closes on the 29th of this month.

☞ The bird law goes into effect on the 1st of November.

☞ To meet an extra demand this week we issue a number of half sheets.

☞ Hon. Marion Butler, Peoples' party Elector-at-Lar ,pea ks here to-morrow.

☞ Mr. J. T. Respass, Peoples' party District Elector, has been speaking to large crowds on this side of the Sound. He is aggressive and forceful and favorably impresses his hearers

☞ The death sentence of Leah Nixon, convicted of murder at Perquimans Court, has been commuted to imprisonment for life. The reasons influencing the Governor will be found in another column.

☞ The CAROLINIAN isn't worrying any because the Republican administration does not please a few ex-republicans in the Nation, State and District. Some of them have never been quite satisfied with the way the Creator runs the universe. Nearly every one of them wanted and failed to get office!

☞ The editor of the CAROLINIAN is receiving letters from nearly every county of the District from Republicans, white and colored, fully endorsing the action taken on Congressman and Senators. They unite in saying that, under the circumstances, it was the right thing to do to beat the Democrats. By all solidly falling in line this can and will be done.

☞ The moss back Bourbons, including their fuddled "rotten egg" editor, are not at all pleased at the "fusion" on Congressman and Senators in this District. Of course not. Judging others by themselves, they opine that other than patriotic motives influenced it. The facts are plain and simple. The Republican and the Peoples' party both oppose Bourbonism and desire its defeat. To go to the polls divided would result in failure; to unite on one ticket would secure victory. Practical sense as well as good politics dictated the latter course. It was adopted.

☞ On Wednesday noon of last week the Methodist Church was prettily decorated and illuminated and a large audience gathered there to witness the nuptials of Mr. Charles R. Bell, of Baltimore, and Miss Etta Burgess, the lovely daughter of Mr. J. H. Burgess. The little Misses Nannie Burgess and Lucy Jordan dressed exactly alike in blue nunsvelling, cut low, with short sleeves, were the first of the bridal party to enter as the glad strains of the wedging march pealed forth. Then came Miss Mary Griggs, attired in green, with Dr. S. P. Graham; Miss Eva Pailin, in white, and Mr. Walter Bell; Miss Maggie Bell, in heliotrope, and Mr. W. F. Burgess; Miss Edith Roach, in yellow, and Mr. Wallace Bell; Miss Kate Pailin, in pink, and Mr. John Burgess. The maid of honor, Miss Bell, of Baltimore, sister of the groom, in white, preceeded the bridal couple. The bride wore a handsome cream colored silk gown, and carried a large bouquet of white roses and ferns. The ushers were Messrs. Charles Martin, W. G. Underwood, Robert Whitehurst and Frank Dexter. The ceremony was performed by Rev. Mr. Jordan. After luncheon served at the home of the bride, the happy couple left on the evening train for a bridal tour.

——At half past seven last Wednesday evening, Christ Church was the scene of one of the prettiest weddings ever witnessed in Elizabeth City, when, according to the beautiful ritual of the Episcopal Church, Mr. Percy Scott Vaughan and Miss May Whitcomb, the sweet young daughter of Mr. A. T. Whitcomb, were united in holy matrimony. As from the organ came the glad notes of the wedding march the bridal party entered the church. First came the two ushers, Mr. K. I. Whitehurst and Mr. Wilson Hollowell; then the other attendants, Miss Mary Griggs and Mr. Thomas Old, Miss Josie Reed and Mr. John Burgess, Miss Sallie Scott and Mr. Ned Martin, Miss Annie Vaughan and Mr. Isiah Fearing, the maid of honor, Miss Ellie Kramer, the bride and Dr. J. E. Wood, who gave her away. They were met at the chancel by the groom and his best man, Mr. Hal Vaughan. The bride wore a handsome costume of white silk and lace and carried a large bouquet of roses. The bridesmaids wore handsome costumes of white and yellow and carried large bouquets. The church was beautifully decorated and brilliatly illuminated and was filled with a larger gathering of friends than could be seated. The ceremony was performed by Rev. Mr. Williams. A reception followed at the home of the groom,s parents, Mr and Mrs. Frank Vaughan. The presents were numerous and valuable and attested the good will felt for the youthful couple in this community.

☞ Fair at Edenton next week. Go

☞ Three weeks more and the great political contest will be held.

☞ Of all the absurdities extant, surely to "borrow trouble" is the greatest.

——IF ROBINSON & Co. can't sell you, who can? They are headquarters on groceries and hardware.

☞ It's a fight in this District against the common enemy—the Bourbon party.

——IF YOU don't buy your goods until you can beat Robinson & Co's. prices, you are in for a life-long wail.

☞ The political Ananias's are plying their vocation. See the democratic papers.

Grist Mill Machinery for Sale: Two run of Mill Stones and other machinery in good running order for sale cheap. Apply to Union Lumber Company,

☞ It is rarely good economy for a farmer to go in debt for a large farm when he can pay all for a small one.

——THE VERDICT IS! "Upon the evidence in this case, we unanimously find that Robinson & Co. sells the lowest.

☞ The course being pursued in this District will insure a full count of the vote cast, and that will carry it for Harrison.

—A Horse for Sale. Gentle for work or drivin . Inquire at this Office.

☞ From now until the election the Democratic Ananias's will be busy in desperate efforts to deceive and mislead the people. Beware of them

☞ It is reported that bears are numerous in the upper parts of the Dismal Swamp, and are giving farmers considerable trouble, ravaging corn fields and killing young stock.

☞ U. S Court opened here yesterday. There being but little business, it adjourned in the evening. Mr. Newton Underwood was Foreman of the Grand Jury.

☞ The CAROLINIAN favors protection because it encourages skill and genius and instills hope and strength into the hand and heart of the workingman. Protection builds up and free trade tears down.

—TO THE LADIES: Fowler & Co's black ribbed seamless hose 7 to 8½ and their 10c black ribbed hose, 6 to 8½, and their black ribbed hose for ladies at 10c per pair, are the best value in the United States for the money. Those who cannot call and examine them, may order by mail, and if you are not pleased the money will be refunded.

☞ The editor of the CAROLINIAN well remembers the prices that ruled in 1857. A yard of good gingham cost from 20 to 25 cents; now a yard of the same quality retails at 10 cents. Then a pair of boots cost $6; now as good a pair can be bought for $3. Then a dozen fruit cans cost $3; now a dozen cans of improved pattern can be bought for 60 cents. All other things in proportion. It was Democratic free trade times then; it is Republican protection times now.

☞ We were pained on the reception of the following announcement from the Gloucester Net & Twine Co., Boston:

We are called on to advise the sudden death of our respected President, Mr. William Stowe, who, spared a long illness, passed away while asleep at his home in Arlington, on Tuesday afternoon, Oct. 4th inst.

For more than twenty years Mr. Stowe was a patron of the CAROLINIAN, in which he manifested a kindly interest, and he was a frequent contributor to its columns. He was well known and greatly respected by the Fishermen of this section, especially those who operated here and after the war. We were proud to rank him among our personal friends.

☞ Mr. Riddick Gatling, the Peoples' party nominee for Congress in this District, is conceded to be the most popular man in his native county of Gates ann he is known and respected throughout the District as a square, honest man and in every way an honorable gentleman. In politics he has been a "Jeffersonian Democrat," but since the leaders are reading the principles of the great author of the Declaration of Independeace out of the party, he declines affiliation with them. To him the *principles* are more vital than the mere traditions. With the immortal Lincoln, he believes in the doctrine of "a government of the people, for the people, and by the people."

—A couple of second hand sitting room stoves for sale very cheap. Inquire at the CAROLINIAN

☞ The Democratic leaders in this District are so much alarmed that they are becoming desperate—are trying, secretly, to make combines and deals to save their party "bacon." It is a life and death struggle. They confess that their main hope now is from the *colored vote*; that unless, in addition to what they hope to steal by again throwing out precincts at which the colored vote is large, they can bribe a large number of them, they will be badly beaten. But they will not succed The mass of the colored men of this district are not cravens. They understand the vital issues at stake, and no influence can induce them to follow the political banner of their traditional foes. They will rebuke the insult by depositing their ballots in November against every man on the Democratic ticket.

LOCAL MENTION

Fair week. Everybody go.—Remember that if your name isn't on the registration books by the 29th inst, you cannot vote.—The schools are fairly well attended now.—No citizen should lose an opportunity for saying a good word for the town.—Mr. F. M. Grice is about moving into his handsome new house opposite the CAROLINIAN Office.—Mrs George F, Green, of Berkley, Va., is here on a visit.—Profitable business, making money.—More manufacturing industries are needed here. Elect Harrison and we'll get 'em.—A very hard collision, running into debt.—Mrs H. P. Martin, of Raleigh, is visiting relatives and friends here.—None but those who try know the misery of trying to keep up appearances.—The local poet writes:

In grove and forest, field and mead,
The eye new charms perceives,
And Nature's book we all may read,
For autumn turns the leaves.

—The mephitic "bad smell" that issued from the "rotten egg" editor's den last week indicates that a disinfecting deodorizer is needed over there. Judging from his maudlin twaddle, he is a fit subject for the Keeley cure.—The ladies are taking more interest in the fall styles than in the fall elections.—A matter of conscience, remorse.—The sidewalk from Diamond Corner to Griffin's Mill has been much improved.—At the residence of Dr. McMullen, on Pennsylvania Avenue, on Thursday evening last by Rev. Dr. Johnston, Miss Sallie Whedbee was united in wedlock to Mr. Wm. West, of Newberne.—The Rambler notes several more new buildings in course of erection in different parts of the city.—Something on foot, pedestrians.—This week's contribution of the Verifier is:

Her friends she's always chatting,
Although she isn't witty;
But she takes delight in laughing,
Because her teeth are pretty!

Who can blame her for keeping them on exhibition?—Somebody has remarked that if no tailor gave credit there would not be so many fashionably dressed young men.—The efforts of the local democratic bosses to get up enthusiasm are abortive failures. The rank and file won't "enthuse."—The CAROLINIAN Job press is kept busy, and the work turned out gives satisfaction.—Present some new features, babies.—The "proof of the pudding" is not so much in the eating as in the digesting.—How merrily the wedding bells did jingle last week That each of the happily mated couples may enjoy Hymen's richest blessings is the sincere wish of their friend, the CAROLINIAN.—

This is the week of the Fair;
Let all be sure and be there.

—Mr. Cam Melick, who has been spending several weeks North, returned on Friday.—Posters were circulated announcing that Gen. Battle and Mr. Cahoe would make democratic speeches here on Saturday, but the crowd was so very slim that the speeches were very short.—Mrs G. B. Barnard, of Bridgton, N. J., accompanied by her husband, arrived on Saturday to see her father, Mr. G. B. Thompson, who continues very sick.—Mr. R. Lund, of Copenhagen, Denmark, is visiting his brother Mr Wiggo Lund, who is in charge of Engle's Photograph Gallery on Water street.—Dr. W. J. Lumsden has returned from a visit to Baltimore.—Rev. E. M. Jordan, because of continued ill health, being unable to longer perform the duties of pastor of the Methodist Church, the services of Rev. Mr. Allen, of the Virginia Conference, have been secured. He occupied the pulpit on Sunday morning and night.—The Billiard room of the Albemarle House has been newly papered and painted.—As a result of the revival meeting just ended at the Corner Stone Colored Baptist Church, Rev. Z. H. Berry, pastor, ten persons were immersed at usual place on Dry Point on Sunday. —Rev. Dr. Blackwell, of the Baptist Church, will deliver the "Columbus Day" Address at the Academy on Friday.—Among the editor's callers yesterday, Hon. A. S. Swanson, of Newberne; Hon. C. A. Cook, of Warrenton; U. S. Marshall J. D. Hufham, of Raleigh; J. M. Bateman, esq., of Edenton; F. Picard esq., of Hertford, and Mr. R. J. Lewis, of Littleton.

Now Try This

It will cost you nothing and will surely do you good, if you have a cough, cold, or any trouble with the throat, chest or lungs. Dr King's New Discovery for consumption, coughs and colds is guaranteed to give relief, or money will be paid back. Sufferers from La Grippe found it just the thing and under its use had speedy and perfect recovery Try a sample bottle at our expense and learn for yourself just how good a thing it is. Trial bottles free at A. Wadsworth's Drug store. Large bottles 50c and $1

The Sheriff of Chowan carried last week seven prisoners to the Penetentiary.

Some people are wholly indifferent to the effect of the sudden changes in the atmosphere. Whether cold or warm, damp or dry, they will go out of doors without making any change in their apparel. The consequence is a heavy cold is contracted. What would become of such people without Dr Bull's Cough Syrup?

—BRICK FOR SALE. A large quantity of well-burned, first-class quality of Brick now ready for the market at the "Thompson Brick Works." Address, F. G Thompson, Manager, Elizabeth City, N. C.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

IMPORTANT.

Parties holding policies of the GERMANIA FIRE INSURANCE CO., of New York, will please deliver them to M B. Culpepper at once.

R. B. HALL, Special Agent.

Oct. 11, 1892.

NOTICE.

At a meeting of the County Republican Executive Committee of Pasquotank, held on the 8th inst., it was ordered to call the Republican County Convention at the Courthouse in Elizabeth City on Tuesday, October 25th, 1892, at 12:30, p. m., for the purpose of nominating a county ticket and a candidate for the Legislature.

J. S. WILCOX, Chm'n.

W. C. BROOKS, Sec.

State Republican Platform.

The following is the Platform adopted by the Republican State Convention at Raleigh, on the 7th, day of September, 1892:

WHEREAS, we believe the continuous prosperity and happiness of the people depend upon the success of republican principles; therefore resolved,

1. That we endorse the platform of the National Republican party adopted at Minneapolis; and we likewise endorse the administration and re-nomination of Benjamin Harrison for the Presidency, and pledge to him and to Whitelaw Reid for the Vice-Presidency, our earnest and undivided support.

2. That we denounce the arbitrary system of county government as subversive of the rights of the people, destroying local self-government, imposing the burdens of taxation without representation, and affording the opportunity to place the administration of the county governments in the hands of the minority, investing them with arbitrary powers, not giving the constitutional right of appeal from their rulings.

3. We denounce the election laws now in force in North Carolina, enacted to prevent fair elections, [and so framed as to allow the minority to rule by fraud and trickery, and oppress the people, rather than to secure a full and free expression of the will of the voters.

4. Education and morality being the safeguards of good government, we favor the education of the people.

5. We denounce the fraudulent pretensions of democrats in claiming an economical administration of the State finances [illegible] year after year, an increased [illegible] valuation has been placed upon property, as a basis of taxation, so that [illegible] years the burdens of the people have been nearly doubled, to meet the extravagant expenses of the State government.

6. We denounce among other matters, the present method of letting out the public printing, by which the same is given not to the lowest bidder, but to the favorites of the democratic party, regardless of economy.

7. We denounce the democrats for placing convict labor in competition with free labor.

8. We favor such legislation as will remedy the evil of excessive hours of labor in our factories and workshops.

9. We favor an increase of the national circulating medium in this country, and the establishment of postal savings banks for the purpose of securing a better distribution of money.

——Engle's gallery will be supplied with good help during the great rush on Fair week. Mr. Viggo Lund, who made such fine work here one year ago, will have charge of the Gallery when I am away. JNO. F. ENGLE.

CONSUMPTIQUED.

AN old physician, retired from practice, having had placed in his hands by an East India missionary, the formula of a simple vegetable remedy for the speedy and permanent cure of Consumption, Bronchitis, Catarrh, Asthma and all Throat and Lung Affections, also a positive and radical cure for Nervous Debility and all Nervous Complaints, after having tested its wonderful curative powers in thousands of cases, has felt it his duty to make it known to his suffering fellows. Actuated by this motive and a desire to relieve human suffering, I will send free of charge, to all who desire it, this recipe, in German, French or English with full directions for preparing and using. Send by mail by addressing with stamp, naming this paper, W. A. NOYES, 820 Powers Block, Rochester, N. Y.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The best Salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers Salt Rheum, Fever, Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains Corns, and all Skin Eruptions and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cts per box. FOR SALE BY A. WADSWORTH.

A GOLD WATCH AND $240.

This is what every Agent receives who organizes a Club on our $1 per week plan. Our 14 karat gold-filled cases are warranted for 20 years. Fine Elgin or Waltham movement, Stem wind and set, Lady's or Gents size. Equal to any $50 watch. To secure agents where we have no agent will sell one of the Hunting Case Watches to Club price $25 and send C. O. D. by express with privilege of examination before paying for same.

Our agent at Durham, N. C., writes: "Our Jewelers have confessed they don't know how you can furnish such work for the money."

One good reliable agent wanted for each place. Write for particulars.

EMPIRE WATCH CO.,

11-4 '91. 1 yr. New York.

LADIES ARE UNFORTUNATE,

because the higher they rise in society the weaker they find themselves bodily. Risley's Philotoken controls the nerves, aids nature in her various functions, and thus combats with the many ills of womankind successfully. If your druggist has not got it he will order it for you for $1 a bottle, from Chas. F. Risley, Wholesale Druggist, 62 Courtlandt St, New York. Send for a descriptive pamphlet with directions and certificates from many ladies who have used it and can't say enough in favor of Risley's Philotoken

16-1 yr.

- PATENTS. -

Caveats, and Trade-Marks obtained, and all Patent business conducted for *Moderate Fees.*

OUR OFFICE is opposite the U. S. Patent Office, and we can secure patents in less time than those remote from Washington

Send model, drawing or photo., with description. We advise if patentable or not free of charge. Our fee not due until patent is secured.

A PAMPHLET, "How to Obtain Patents with names of actual clients in any State sent free. Address,

C. A. Snow & Co.

OPPOSITE PATENT OFFICE,

Wahington, D C

—TRAVEL & TRANSPORTATION.—

Norfolk and Southern R. R.

Schedule in Effect June 1st, 1891.

Norfolk & Southern R. R. Mail and Express Trains, Southbound, daily (except Sundays,) leave Elizabeth City at 11.30 A. M., and, on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 6.00 P. M. Northbound, daily except Sundays, leave Elizabeth City at 2.35 P. M., and on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 9.00 A. M. Both trains arrive at and depart from Norfolk and Western Depot, Norfolk, connect at Norfolk with all Rail and Steamer Lines, and at Edenton with Steamers for Roanoke, Cashie, Ohowan and Scuppernong Rivers. Transfer steamer to Mackey's Ferry, then by N. & S. R. R. to Roper, Pantego and Belle Haven: connecting with steamer Haven Belle for Bay River, South Creek, &c

Through tickets on sale and baggage checked to all principal Points.

EASTERN CAROLINA DISPATCH

FAST FREIGHT & PASSENGER LINE.

The new and elegant Steamer NEUSE leaves Elizabeth City every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 6.00 P. M. for Newberne, connecting with the A. & N. C. R. R. for Goldsboro, with the Atlantic Coast Line for Wilmington, Charleston, &c, and with the R. & D. R. R. train for Raleigh, Greensboro, &c. Returning, leaves Newberne Monday, Wednesday and Friday, stopping at Roanoke Island going and returning.

Tickets on sale on board Steamer for Kinston, Goldsboro and Morehead City.

Daily all rail service between Elizabeth City and New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore and Norfolk.

Through cars, and as low rates and quicker time than by any other route

Direct all goods to be shipped via Eastern Carolina Dispatch as follows: From Norfolk by Norfolk & Southern R. R., Baltimore, by P. W. & B. R. R., President street station, Philadelphia, by Pennsylvania R. R., Dock street Station New York, by Pennsylvania R. R., Pier 27 North River.

For further information apply to T. Selby Harney, Agent Elizabeth City, or to the General Office of the Norfolk & Southern Railroad, Norfolk, Va,

M. E. KING, General Manager. H. C. HUDGINS, Gen. Frt. & Pas. Agt

Norfolk and North Carolina

CANAL COMPANY.

S. W. GARY, Superintendent.

The Norfolk [illegible] will admit [illegible] water; [illegible]

The [illegible] 90 feet and 10½ [illegible]

Rafts [illegible] must not be over 14 feet wide, [illegible] under, not over 12 feet wide, [illegible] well secured to the satisfaction of the Canal authorities.

Steamers will not be admitted without a permit from the Office at Norfolk.

Vessels over 90 feet length and over 15 feet beams (the dimensions called for by the Charter) navigate the Canal at their own risk.

Hotels.

New Albemarle House,

C. W. Grice & Bro, Props

Corner Main and Road Sts,

Elizabeth City, N C.

First-class Hotel. Elegant Rooms, Good Table, Polite Attention. Electric Bells and Lights. Free Bus.

TERMS:—$2 and $2.50 Per Day.

HOTEL MERRIAM.

WATER STREET.

Elizabeth City, N. C.

SITUATED IN THE BUSINESS PART OF THE CITY.

J. E. MERRIAM, Proprietor.

EAGLE HOTEL.

HERTFORD, N. C.

Joseph S. Long, Proprietor.

Free Hack to and from Depot to passengers stopping at Hotel

Special attention paid to the Comfort of Guests, Table well supplied, Rooms clean and tidy. Charges moderate.

WOODARD HOUSE

EDENTON, N. C.

This well-established HOTEL still offers first class accommodations to the traveling public.

FIRST CLASS BAR ATTACHED

Sample Room for Traveling Salesmen and Conveniences Furnished when Desired

Free Hacks to all Trains and Steamers

Terms Reasonable.

J. L. ROGERSON, Proprietor

- P. WELL, -

Practical Watch-maker and Jeweler

Will keep constantly on hand a fine line of Watches, Clocks, Jewelry, Solid Silver and Plated Ware, &c. Any article not in stock will be furnished on short notice at reduced price. I guarantee to sell any article in my line as cheap, if not cheaper, than can be bought in any first-class establishment in the Northern cities. All goods guaranteed as represented upon forfeit of double price paid.

SPECIAL ATTENTION PAID TO REPAIRING, and all work guaranteed for twelve months.

SEE SIGNBIGWATCH,

Water St, (next door to Overman's cor

Elizabeth City, N. C

19 Years Experience at Bench

Neuralgic Persons

And those troubled with nervousness resulting from care or overwork will be relieved by taking *Brown's Iron Bitters.* Genuine has trade mark and crossed red lines on wrapper.

FOR THE BLOOD, Weakness, Malaria, Indigestion and Biliousness, take BROWN'S IRON BITTERS. It cures quickly. For sale by all dealers in medicine. Get the genuine.

Highest Market Price Paid for

COTTON SEED.

Carload Lots taken from any Point in Eastern North Carolina or Virginia.

BAGS FURNISHED.

COTTON SEED MEAL,

COTTON SEED HULLS

For Sale or Exchange for Seed.

FARMER'S OIL MILLS,

Tarboro, N. C.

Mills at Shiloh on Tar River. For Prices and Terms write to E. V. ZOELLER, Secretary and Treasurer.

WE POINT WITH PRIDE!

To one of the nicest new stores and the largest line of fresh new season's novelties ever brought to this section of the Old North State. We are located in our new quarters on Water Street, near the corner of Main, and have just returned from the factories with the

LARGEST LINE OF CLOTHING,

DRY GOODS, NOTIONS, SHOES, HATS TRUNKS, &c., it has ever been our pleasure to offer an appreciative public. We have done business in Elizabeth City for a number of years and fully understand what the people want, have struck the nail on the head this year, both as to

LOWER PRICES AND HIGHER QUALITY!

We invite an inspection of these goods and promise satisfaction to each and every customer. Remember that we are now located in our new quarters Water street near Main, where we will bid you a hearty welcome.

R. SALOMONSKY

There is no Sleight of Hand

by means of which we have been able to [illegible] the prices and class of goods we are doing. It is managed by the way the public patronize us

FOUR THINGS AT ONCE

are possible if they work together. Our team simply drawn by four horses—four good horses—instead of one wretched screw or two matched pair. And as we understand thoroughly how to drive the team they

Make It

possible for us to make good time along the road of trade. The four corner-stones of our house are

Best Goods, Honest Dealing,

Low Prices, Large Stock

Groceries, Hardware, Stoves, Crockery, Tin-ware, Queensware, Paints, Oil, Rope, Twine, Hay, Lime, Cement, Plastering Hair, Shingles, &c &c.

ROBINSON & CO.

Water Street, - - - Elizabeth City, NC

J. B. FLORA. JAS. G. MORRISETTE

J. B. FLORA & CO.

AGENT FOR DUPONT'S POWDER { "EVERYBODY SAYS" } TOBACCO AND SNUFF AT FACTORY PRICES

That business has been dull and money scarce during the last six months. Notwithstanding this our business has been larger than for any six months since we began, and continue increase.

Here's Food for Thought

in this condition of things. The reason for it is of great interest to those who have families to provide for. We have been in this business and have done nothing else for twenty years and it is reasonable to suppose that we know our business, when and how to buy to be best served. We purchase in large lots direct from first hands, for cash only, and it will pay you

To Examine Our Stock of

Groceries, Tobacco, Snuff, Cigars, Hardware, Guns, Pistols, Cutlery Paints, Oils, Zinc, Varnishes and colors, Buggy and Cart Harness, Saddles, Whips, Ship Chandler Lime, Cement, Plaster, &c.

Quotations Cheerfully Given. - Lowest Prices Guaranteed.

New Store, Foot of Main Street, Elizabeth City N. C.

—THE LARGEST STOCK OF—

DRY GOODS, NOTIONS AND SHOES.

Ever shown in Elizabeth City are now open for your examination at

FOWLER & CO'S

WITH PRICES TO PLEASE BOTH AT WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

I PAY FOR THIS SPACE

Because I have something to say that is of interest to practical people,

Because I want to reach the knowing and progressive people of this vicinity.

Because people of this class are the people whose trade I desire to win.

THE BEST PEOPLE

are the thinking people. They know what they want. They are not to be won by mere irresponsible cackle. Fair dealing wins them, Once one they are staunch customers, not to be budged by bluster.

All thinking people are invited to make an examination of our goods in order to be convinced of the fact that our low prices are consistent with a high grade of quality.

MOSES WEISEL.

WATER ST, ELIZABETH CITY, N. C.

Furniure, Wares and Stationery.

☞ I have constantly on hand a large and full assortment of

Household Furnishing Goods, Tin-ware, Wooden-ware, Table Cutlery, Queens, Porcelain and French Decorated Ware, Chandeliers, Glassware, Wall-paper, Carpets, Oil-cloths, Glass, &c., &c.

Also Bibles, School Books, Poets and Novels at NEW YORK PRICES. Albums, Sunday School Supplies and all kinds of Stationery very low.

If you Want to Save Money Call and See Me

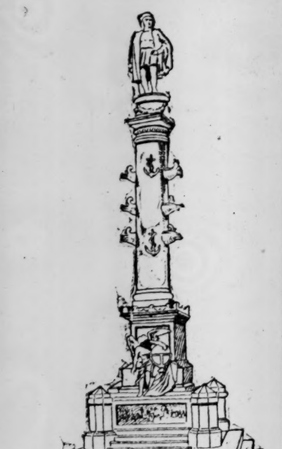
P. W. MELICK,

Water Street, Elizabeth City, N. C

COLUMBIAN CELEBRATION.

America's Discovery Fitly Observed in New York City.

A Description of the Land and Water Parades and Pageants.



COLUMBUS MONUMENT.

The six days' celebration in New York City in honor of the four hundredth anniversary of the New World passed off with all the eclat and brilliancy that the Committee of One Hundred who had spent a full year in preparation therefor could desire.

There were military, naval and school parades, fireworks displays, banquets, art exhibitions, singing festivals, speechmaking and sufficient other things in the way of celebrating to keep every New Yorker and the 800,000 visitors to the city busy from beginning to end.

It was the longest holiday that New York has ever known, and the sum of $1,000,000 was expended to make it thoroughly enjoyable, of which amount the city contributed $100,000, the State $50,000, the World's Fair Commissioners $10,000, while the remainder was made up by private subscriptions and the sale of seats from which to view the parades.

The city was a mass of bunting, an artistic combination of colors such as no sun ever shown down on before. From the top of the tallest office building to the cellar, and from the top window of the topmost story of the tallest tenement down to the lowly peanut stand, patriotism, such as could be displayed by bunting, ran wild.

The Mayor asked the people to show their patriotism by flying the Stars and Stripes during the celebration. The people more than responded to his appeal. Nearly every building along the route of the land parades, from the Bowling Green to Central Park, was gayly decked in flags, shields, banners, bunting and National emblems.

Naturally Columbus and everthing that appertains to the discovery were features of the decorations—Columbus's bust, pictures of the landing, the numbers 1492 and 1892, the orange and red-bordered Spanish flag, the red, white and green Italian flag, and the American flag.

Broadway, uptown and downtown, Wall street, Fifth avenue and Third and Sixth, Fourteenth street and Twenty-third were long vistas of red, white and blue waving flags of all Nations, banners and bunting and streamers of every hue.

Public building, like the Postoffice and City Hall, were radiant in the National colors, and on many of them, as upon the fronts of hotels and great business houses, were mammoth pictures, gracefully draped with flags, giving scenes from Columbus's life, and engravings or colored lithographs presenting the familiar features of the great mariner were everywhere.

The great retail stores uptown were fairly covered with bright colors. There seemed to be a great deal of rivalry among them as to which should have the most brilliant and artistic display.

Downtown all sorts of business houses were beautified more or less, and the resident streets also showed liberal displays.

The fever for decorating extended even to the people of the tenement districts, and in nearly every house some patriotic inmate expended a few cents, if no more, in putting a flag or a two or a few yards of bunting at the window of his little flat.

The Sandford White arbor, through which the paraders passed in Fifth avenue at Twentieth street, was a beautiful copy of the white marble original in Spain. It was 100 feet long, forty-two high and had a forty-foot span. Its six white pillars, trimmed with evergreen, and its roof, laced with green vines, made a beautiful effect. The arch was double, having a cross passage at Twenty-second street.

Among the notable displays along the line of the parade those at the National Headquarters of the respective political parties should be mentioned.

The Manhattan, the New York, Union League and Democratic Clubs decorated their houses elegantly. The decoration display culminated at the Fifth avenue and Fifty-eighth in the Herts Arch, a graceful, stately piece of work in imitation of marble and granite.

Sacred melody, brilliant eulogies and widespread devotion in all the synagogues of the city ushered in the opening day of the great Columbus celebration. The Hebrew Sabbath was given over almost entirely to the festive occasion of the week. All the places of worship were decorated in a most patriotic way. Festoons of bunting in the National colors nearly concealed the pulpits, galleries and entrances to the synagogues. Potted plants and masses of cut flowers perfumed the air. The services consisted of song and sermons, with the discovery of America and Columbus as the leading topics. In many of the synagogues the school children sang, and in some the services closed with the singing of Handel's Halleujah chorus. In Brooklyn the synagogues were also filled with celebrants.

These religious services were continued on the second day of the celebration in the Christian churches, with many sermons and music appropriate to the time. In the Roman Catholic churches, as befits a celebration of the voyage of Columbus undertaken with the Pope's blessing and with the patronage of the "most Catholic" sovereigns of Spain, mass was sung with sumptuous ceremony. At Trinity, among the Protestant churches, the communion office was sung.

The day was ushered in by the tolling of bells at sunrise on all the churches in town. The chimes on Trinity Church and Grace Church were rung early and late.

Commemorative services were held at the Young Men's Christian Association rooms, Twenty-third street and Fourth avenue.

As a part of the inaugural ceremonies of the Columbian festivities, a grand sacred orchestral and vocal concert took place in the evening at 8:30 o'clock at the Lecox Lyceum, Madison avenue and Fifty-ninth street.

There were elaborate special Columbian services at night in scores of churches.

The scenic celebration began on the third day of the festivities with the school and college parade at ten o'clock in the morning. Over 30,000 pupils took part and the line of march was thronged by vast crowds of delighted spectators. The school children had been drilling in the armories and in the up-town streets for a week or two, and their alignment was almost perfect and their marching was the admiration of everybody.

They marched from Fifth avenue and Fifty-seventh street down the avenue to Seventeenth street, thence to Fourth avenue, to Fourteenth street, to Fifth avenue, to Washington Square, to Waverly Place, to Fourth street, where they disbanded. The pupils, each carrying an American flag, were arranged in twenty grand divisions, containing 202 companies of fifty each.

The public-school division, 10,100 strong was commanded by John D. Robinson, Principal of Grammar School No. 94. Following this was the division of Roman Catholic schools and the college, containing 5500 pupils and led by General James R. O'Beirne. Major Franklin Bartlett followed with the college division, about 300 strong, while scores of private schools brought up the rear.

The most striking feature along the line of march was the huge American flag on the stand at the reservoir, Fifth avenue and Forty-second street, composed of sixteen hundred school girls costumed in red, white and blue, and so arranged that they formed a perfect representation of the Stars and Stripes. On the stand at the east side of Union Square were sixteen hundred girls from Catholic schools, similarly arranged. Each group of girls sang patriotic airs as the parade passed.

On another stand at Union Square three hundred children from the Children's Aid Society waved small American flags as the column moved by.

The 350 Indian boys from the Carlisle (Penn.) Industrial Institute were taken to Ellis Island, where breakfast was served. They then were taken by ferryboat to the foot of West Tenth street, whence they marched to their position in the line. They received great applause all along the line of march.

In the evening S. G. Pratt's cantata, "The Triumph of Columbus," was sung by a large chorus in the Carnegie Music Hall. Beginning at 8:30 at night there was a brilliant fireworks display, costing over $4000, on Brooklyn Bridge. Niagara Falls in fire was represented. There were 500 feet of fire falling a distance of 180 feet from the roadway of the Bridge to the river.

The tops of the towers were illuminated with huge prismatic lights. In all there were fifteen displays and each was marked by great flashes of colored light from the towers produced by burning fifty pounds of colored fire composition. There was a steady running fire of six-pound rockets, of shells, bouquets of magnesium, Roman candles, whistling rockets, floating meteors, and other devices known only to a manufacturer of fireworks. The two hours' display opened and closed with the discharge of 100 giant shells in groups of from twelve to twenty. The river was thronged with all sorts of craft, crowded with delighted spectators.

There were no decorations on the Washington Arch, but six powerful search lights, furnished by the Edison Electric Company, were arranged about its base, and their rays were thrown upon the beautiful structure, and this night after night, produced a beautiful effect, which was novel as well.

On the fourth day of the Columbian observances New Yorkers and their vast number of guests saw the greatest naval parade that ever occurred in America. Over two hundred vessels were in line, including American, French, Spanish and Italian men-of-war.

The parade formed in Gravesend Bay and the Narrows at 12:30 p. m. The course was up the bay and North River to and around a buoy above Grant's Tomb and return.

The director was Nicholson Kane, of the New York Yacht Club. He sailed at the head of the column on the United States torpedo boat Cushing, and following him on the Philadelphia came Commodore Henry Erben and staff with the Committee of One Hundred. Then followed the United States steamships Miantonomoh, Atlanta, Dolphin and Vesuvius. Next in line were the French flagship Aratheuse, and the French man-of-war Hussard, the Spanish cruiser Infanta Ysabel, and the Italian cruiser Bausan, followed by the naval militia of the State of New York.

The others in the parade were fifteen municipal vessels, seventeen steam yachts and 102 merchant vessels, divided in eight divisions.

One of the sights in this parade was a series of gigantic floats, upon which were shown scenes illustrative of the remarkable advance in shipbuilding since Columbus discovered America. In addition to the fleet in the parade there were a number of free excursion steamboats for the benefit of the women and children of the tenements.

The war ships proceeded in three columns with the foreign vessels in the middle. They rendezvoused in the lower bay, and as they passed up through the Narrows they were saluted by the forts. The other vessels fell in after the head of the column had passed. Thence the column passed up the North River to a point opposite Grant's Tomb, where the warships came to anchor and the rest of the fleet returned down the river in double column on the opposite sides from which they passed up. The parade attracted thousands of persons to every available place on and overlooking the bay where it could be seen.

In the evening, at seven o'clock, the parade of the Roman Catholic societies took place. It was over the same route as the school parade of the day before, and was reviewed at the Cathedral by Archbishop Corrigan.

As soon as night had fairly set in there was a grand illumination of dwellings, hotels, clubhouses, public buildings and business places. Prizes were awarded for the most effective displays, three for the best arrangement of lights—gold, silver and bronze medals, in order of merit—and three for decorations.

The parade consisted of 25,000 Roman Catholics in line under command of Father Keefe and Victor Dowling. Some of the organizations in line were the Society of the Holy Name, 8000 strong; Catholic Benevolent Legion, 6000; Young Men's Catholic Society, 3500; Catholic Knights of America, 2500; Catholic Mutual Benefit Society, 1500, and St. Vincent de Paul, 5000.

The German singing societies of New York and other cities gave a mammoth entertainment that evening at the Seventh Regiment Armory. The choruses aggregated 5000 voices, and the entertainment was a lengthy one.

The city's display of fireworks from the Brooklyn Bridge occurred at 10:30 p. m. It was one of the grandest features of the celebration. It comprised grand illuminations from the towers, consisting of Chinese suns each six feet in circumference and of sufficient brilliancy to be seen for a distance of twenty-five miles. They showed the American and Italian colors. Aerial bouquets were fired and the "Falls of Niagara," that created such a sensation the night before, was repeated.

The fifth was the most prominent day of the entire celebration. It had been made a legal holiday, and was generally observed.

There were salutes by the First Battery, under Captain Louis Wendel, at daylight, church bells were rung, and flags hoisted at the Battery pole and on the old fort in Central Park.

The military parade which occurred on this day was a gigantic affair and possibly the largest of its kind ever held. General Martin T. McMahon was the Grand Marshal. The line of march was from the Battery, up Broadway to Fourth street, around Washington Square to Fifth avenue, thence to Fourteenth street, to Fourth avenue, to Seventeenth street, to Fifth avenue, and at Fifty-ninth street the signal was given to disband. Soldiers of all sorts took part. There were regulars, militia, private military organizations and thousands of mounted men. At least 6000 militiamen from neighboring States participated. There were at least 10,000 men from other States, and every available United States Army regular, including a regiment of cavalry, were in line.

General Schofield and his staff participated.

The column was in ten divisions. The first was the Brigade of the United States Army, under Colonel L. L. Langdon; the second was the United States Naval Brigade; the third the National Guard, First Brigade, General Fitzgerald; Second, General McLeer; the Third Division included New Jersey, Georgia, Pennsylvania and Washington military organizations, Governor Pattison and Governor Russell and their staffs and the Connecticut troops.

The Fourth Division was composed of 7000 veterans of the Grand Army of the Republic, Colonel D. S. Brown, Marshal; the letter carriers formed the Fifth Division; the New York Fire Department, the Sixth; the old Volunteer Fire Department, the Seventh; the Italian military organizations, the Eighth; the German uniformed societies, the Ninth, and a host of unclassified independent uniformed organizations, the Tenth Division.

The parade took nearly six hours to pass a given point. At 4 p. m. Mayor Grant unveiled the monument of Columbus erected by the New York City Italians at Eighth avenue and Fifty-ninth street. He was assisted by the Italian Minister, Baron Fava, Consul-General Riva, Carlo Barsotti, and the officers of the Giovanni Bausan. The statue is of marble and bronze from drawings by Rossi. The base reliefs at the base of the column are symbolical of the Genius of Geography.

But the greatest of all the parades was the night pageant, which moved from the Battery in the evening and followed exactly the same line of march as the military parade in the morning.

It was beyond doubt the most magnificent night pageant ever seen in this country.

There were sixteen beautifully arranged floats, an army of bicyclists, 5000 Red Men in costume, six military bands and a score of civic bands. The titles of the floats were as follows: "Fame," "Prehistoric Americans," "Toltec Sun Worshipers," "Homage to Columbus," "The Santa Maria," "Liberty," "The Capitol," "The Press," "Poetry and Romance," "Music," "Science," "Wealth and Commerce," "Supremacy of American Women," "The United Oceans," "Columbia—Car of State," "Car of Electra."

The floats cost $24,000. There were 300 women, 400 men and 600 horses employed in the pageant.

One hundred men were stationed at various points along the route to announce

WASHINGTON ARCH.

the coming of the pageant by exploding red fire fifteen minutes before the head of the procession was due.

On this night there was also a modest exhibition of fireworks in the City Hall Park, Madison and Union Squares and Reservoir Square. The balance of the fund left over from the two exhibitions on the Brooklyn Bridge on previous nights being expended in this way.

The aim of the committee was to make the night pageant a gem of color and glare, and this was accomplished to the satisfaction of all beholders.

The banquet held in the Lenox Lyceum on the night of the sixth day brought the celebration to a close. Over four hundred men of National prominence in Statecraft, the Bar, the Church, the Exchange and every walk in life were present as the guests of the Committee of Arrangements, and there were many speeches by many noted men.

PROMINENT PEOPLE.

"OUIDA" has written twenty-seven novels.

LOUIS KOSSUTH has finished his memoirs.

PRESIDENT HARRISON is fond of billiards.

EX-EMPRESS EUGENIE is numbered among the noble army of vegetarians.

EX-PRIVATE JACK, of Homestead court-martial fame, is now a clerk in a Pittsburg store.

THOMAS SPURGEON, a son of the dead preacher, gives promise of becoming a famous pulpit orator.

DENNIS MURPHY has superintended the reporting of United States Senate debates for forty-four years.

SIR LYON PLAYFAIR, just elevated to the British Peerage, married in 1876 an American lady, Miss Edith Russell, of Boston.

SIR JULIAN PAUNCEFOTE, British Minister to the United States, is a musician of ability and also has published a number of original compositions.

THE first physician Milwaukee, Wis., ever had recently died at the age of eighty-three. This was Dr. Enoch Chase, who settled on the site of Milwaukee fifty-seven years ago.

EUGENE FIELD says that William S. Gilbert, the librettist, in his professional and social relations with mankind is as arrogant and disagreeable a person as ever wore trousers.

CHARLES W. FRENDENVOLL has been selected by the widow and daughter of Patrick S. Gilmore as leader and business manager of the famous band. He was born in Boston in 1853.

IN Boston, a few years ago, they spoke of "Billy" Russell as the son of the Hon. Charles Theodore Russell, but now they allude to the Hon. Charles Theodore as the "father of the Governor."

DVORAK, the Bohemian composer, who has been engaged as director of the National Conservatory of Music at New York, with a salary of $15,000, started his musical career in The Prague at $9 a week.

THE German Kaiser's new daughter is a particularly welcome addition to his household, for the reason that, previous to her appearance on the scene, eighty-four years had elapsed since a Queen of Prussia gave birth to a daughter.

ALVIN CLARK, the last of the big telescope builders of that name, is quoted as saying that he would probably not undertake to build more than one other great telescope. He is now getting on toward three-score, and such work requires several years' time.

PROFESSOR E. E. BARNARD, of the Lick (California) Observatory, now famous as the discoverer of Jupiter's fifth satellite, is only about forty years old. Only a few years ago he was "earning a scanty living as a clerk in a photographic gallery in Nashville, Tenn."

BAPTISTE, the Indian pilot, known by all American tourists who have passed down the rapids of the St. Lawrence, died at his home in the Indian village of Coughnawaga, Canada, a few days ago, aged eighty-two. He was the first Indian to run a boat down the rapids, and every one felt safe when he was in charge.

BURIAL OF TENNYSON.

The Remains of the Poet Interred in Westminster Abbey.

The remains of Lord Tennyson were laid in their final resting place, beneath the pavement of Westminster Abbey, London. The congregation comprised men eminent in all walks of life, statesmen, clergymen, authors, artists, members of the dramatic profession, men whose names are household words wherever the English tongue is known.

Many of those who entered the building carried wreaths, which were placed in the Jerusalem Chamber with those already deposited there. The Jerusalem Chamber contained a mass of most beautiful flowers, including 200 superb wreaths and crosses. Among the tokens was a beautiful design sent by Princess Louise, composed mostly of arum lilies and stephanotis.

Mrs. Gladstone sent a wreath on behalf of her husband and herself. It was composed of sweet smelling leaves from the gardens at Hawarden and was made by Mrs. Gladstone's own hands.

The Queen sent a wreath composed of laurel leaves, tied with a broad bow of white silk ribbon. A card was attached to the wreath, on which, in the Queen's own handwriting, were the words: "A mark of sincere regard and admiration from Victoria, R. I."

Her Majesty also sent an everlasting metallic wreath of laurel, with the letters "V. R. I." in gilt worked into a monogram, and bearing the words:

"A tribute of affectionate regard and true admiration from the sovereign."

The pallbearers were Mr. Henry White, Secretary of the American Legation; Lord Salisbury, the Very Rev. Henry Montagu Butler, Sir James Paget, Lord Rosebery and Professor Proule. The choir sang the dead poet's beautiful lines, "Crossing the Bar," and "The Silent Voices," the latest poem written by Tennyson, the music of which was composed by Lady Tennyson. The benediction was pronounced by the Archbishop of Canterbury.

The trustees of Shakespeare's birthplace sent a wreath of laurel from Shakespeare's grave to be placed on the coffin of Tennyson.

A BATCH OF HANGINGS.

A Thirteen-Year-Old Colored Girl Executed in South Carolina.

John Williams and Mildred Brown, the latter only thirteen years old, were hanged at Spartanburg, S. C., at 11:45 o'clock the other morning. Both were colored. Religious services were held in the jail by a colored preacher. The final services were held on the scaffold. The ropes were adjusted and the girl, Brown, cried: "I'm going home to die." Williams protested against his hanging. At 11:15 the trap fell, killing both instantly.

The crime for which Williams suffered death was the murder of Mayor Henneman, of Spartanburg. Mildred Brown murdered a baby because its father reproved her for an offence.

There were some peculiarly sad features attending the execution of the girl. She seemed to be entirely friendless, and during her last hours no one but her minister saw her. She bravely bore the ordeal, and gave no manifestations of fear. Williams and she shook hands with other prisoners on their way to death. Neither exhibited any emotion.

Anna Tribble was hanged at Newbury, S. C., for the murder of her infant last February. The sheriff had to put her on the platform and fasten the noose by force. She protested her innocence to the last.

William Wilson, white, was hanged at Anderson, S. C., for the murder of his wife. He declared he did not know what he had done, and that he ought not to suffer for it. The jail was guarded by the local military company.

Tom Brock was hanged at Pickens, S. C., for the murder of Jerry Hughes, Town Marshal of that place, in June last. Brock was colored and about twenty years old.

FOUR MEN LYNCHED.

They Had Committed Double Murder and Other Crimes.

A mob of infuriated citizens stormed the jail at Monroeville, Ala., and took therefrom Burrell Jones and his son, Moses, with two accomplices, who were charged with murdering Richard T. Johnson and his daughter, Miss Jennie, and burning the bodies at their residence at Davis's Ferry, on the Alabama River.

The officers learned that a mob had been organized in the neighborhood of Peach Tree and were coming to the jail for the purpose of burning the colored men at the stake.

The prisoners were all taken from the jail and an attempt made to spirit them away, but the officials ran into another mob, who took the four prisoners, and after hanging them to a tree filled their bodies with bullets.

Burrell Jones made a full confession while in jail, and said that the four men went to Johnson's for the purpose of robbery, and the old man discovered them, whereupon he was murdered with an axe.

The daughter, Miss Jennie, came to the rescue of her father. After assaulting her they murdered her. The house was then set on fire to hide all traces of the crime.

LATER NEWS.

THE Rhode Island Democratic State Convention was called to order at Providence. A platform was adopted indorsing Cleveland and Stevenson, and the utterances of the National platform, and the Cleveland letter of acceptance. Presidential Electors were chosen and the convention then adjourned.

PHILADELPHIA celebrated the Columbian anniversary with parades and banquets.

A STATUE of Columbus was unveiled at Baltimore, Md., and Cardinal Gibbons made a speech.

AN unprecedented snow, rain and sleet storm prevailed in Colorado. All communication by telegraph to towns was entirely interrupted the entire day.

THE colored man, "Pail" Young, who murdered Walter Glass, was lynched next day near Palmyra, Va.

GOVERNOR PECK, of Wisconsin, issued a proclamation convening the Legislature in special session on Monday, October 17th, to reapportion the State into Senate and Assembly districts.

CELEBRATIONS in honor of the four hundredth anniversary of the discovery of America were held at Chicago, Ill.; Detroit, Mich., Dayton, Ohio, and Kansas City, Mo.

THE resignation of Smith A. Whitfield as First Assistant Postmaster-General has been accepted by Postmaster-General Wanamaker.

THE annual report of Brigadier-General McCook, commanding the Department of Arizona, has been received by the War Department. He dwells at length upon the Indian depredations.

CEREMONIES in honor of Columbus took place in Madrid, Melbourne, Berlin and various cities in Europe.

THE New York Court of Appeals, by a vote of five to two, upheld the constitutionality of the Apportionment act of 1892.

A BILL in equity was filed at Philadelphia, Penn., against the Order of Tonti, a seven-year benefit order, asking for a receiver. Quo warranto proceedings were also begun at Harrisburg, and a preliminary injunction was granted to prevent the officers of the order from exercising any function.

CHARLES LAMB, of Oxford, Mass., eighty years old, committed suicide by hanging in his barn. Despondency was the cause.

THE 5500-ton protected cruiser building at the Union Iron Works, San Francisco, Cal., has been named the Olympia, after the old capital of the State of Washington. She will be launched on November 5.

EPIDEMICS of diphtheria and fevers are prevalent all along the smaller tributaries of the Ohio, owing to the long drought and the death rate is fearful.

THE town of Salix, Iowa, has been burned. 600 people were made homeless.

THE Grand Jury of Marion County, Indiana, has indicted the supreme officials of the Iron Hall for embezzlement.

PRESIDENT HARRISON received congratulatory despatches from the Presidents of a number of South American Republics, as well as from many public men from various parts of the world, in regard to the four hundredth anniversary of the discovery of America by Columbus. To all the despatches Secretary of State Foster sent appropriate replies.

THE Chief of the Secret Service Division, Treasury Department, announces that a new counterfeit $5 silver certificate was put in circulation in Chicago on October 11th. It has the new back and is of the series, 1891; check letter C; Rosecrans, Register; Nebeker, Treasurer.

ANOTHER English military mutiny has occurred, this time at Portsmouth.

CHOLERA is spreading throughout Southwestern Russia.

THE striking miners at Carmaux, France, tore down the Prefect's decree, which the Mayor had refused to post, forbidding public meetings; a large force of troops was present to keep the peace.

NEWSY GLEANINGS.

JAPAN has 550 newspapers.

THE world has 4500 paper mills.

LONDON shelters 5,000,000 people.

SWEDEN has 2000 school gardens.

NEW YORK has fifteen National banks.

CALIFORNIA resorts are opening up for the winter.

THE receipts of wheat for September were the largest on record.

THE dairy school of the Georgia Experiment Station is a success.

THE British Cabinet decided not to occupy and annex Uganda, Africa.

ABOUT $25,000,000 is invested in this country in electric street railroads.

THERE is a scarcity of corn in Mexico and the people threaten to revolt in consequence.

ANOTHER mill for grinding only American corn is to start up in Hamburg, Germany.

UNITED STATES four per cent. bonds are now selling at 115, which is the lowest price since 1881.

A RUSSIAN mail train was held up by robbers near Krowka and $250,000 and much valuable baggage stolen.

THE drought in New Mexico is so great that the United States troops at Fort Stanton are not allowed to wash.

THE Georgia cotton crop will be about seventy per cent. of the average. The acreage has been reduced this year.

SECRETARY RUSK officially declares that the United States is free from the disease known as contagious pleuro-pneumonia.

NEWS from Bering Sea is that nearly all the seal poaching is being done by British vessels, threatening the destructing of the industry.

SOME of the Scotch members of the British Parliament are threatening to desert Gladstone if he does not devote more attention to their affairs and less to those of the Irish.

A PUBLIC reception was given to Lieutenant Peary, Mrs. Peary and the members of the expedition and of the relief party at the Philadelphia Academy of Natural Sciences.

JAMES W. BABCOCK, of Ann Arbor, Mich., was willed several million dollars three years ago by an uncle on condition that he marry within five years. Mr. Babcock has just taken a wife unto himself.

THIS year's crop of sugar beets in Bohemia is expected to be fifteen to twenty per cent. less than that of 1891. Heavy rains have somewhat brightened the prospects, but the prices of raw sugar are still tending higher.

IN several localities in Washington there are animals running wild which have descended from domestic ancestors. In Pacific, Chehalis and Mason Counties there is a remnant of a herd of wild cattle, which have roamed through the woods and over the prairies of that portion of the State for years.

WINDLE'S FAST RIDE.

He Breaks All Records for a Mile on a Bicycle.

The ascendancy of the bicycle over the horse was again demonstrated on the Hampden Park track, Springfield, Mass., when W. W. Windle made a mile from a flying start in 2:02 2-5, thus beating the trotting record of 2:04 made by Nancy Hanks. It was not an ideal day for record breaking. A stiff breeze was blowing from the north, but the plucky rider was determined to smash a record, and it went.

Windle had as pacemakers W. F. Murphy, Harry Wheeler and W. S. Campbell on triplet who took him around the first half, when he was picked up by Charles Dorntge, Riverside Smith, and H. B. Arnold, also a triplet, who took him to the three-quarter pole. At that point he was met by E. I Nelson, who finished with him.

The time by quarters was: First quarter, 0:29 2-5; half, 0:59 4-5; three-quarters, 1:30 4-5; mile, 2:02 3-5.

MEXICO's proposed Government railroad excursion to the United States has been abandoned owing to a fear of the cholera.

CONDITION OF CROPS.

Monthly Report of the Statistician of Agriculture.

The Average Yield of Wheat, Corn, Oats and Potatoes.

The October returns of the United States Agricultural Department give the State averages of yield of wheat at from six to twenty-two bushels, and the average at thirteen bushels. The averages of the principal wheat-growing States are as follows: New York, 14.3; Pennsylvania, 14.4; Texas, 12.3; Ohio, 13.2; Michigan, 14.7; Indiana, 14; Illinois, 14.7; Wisconsin, 11.5; Minnesota, 11.7; Iowa, 11.5; Missouri, 12.1; Kansas, 17; Nebraska, 13.5; South Dakota, 12.5; North Dakota, 12.2; Washington, 18.4; Oregon, 15.7; California, 13.8.

The general condition of corn is 79.8 against 79.6 for last month. The absence of frost has been favorable to the ripening of the late and immature areas. The temperature of the last week in September was especially beneficial. During the past ten years there were three—1883, 1887 and 1890—which reported worse condition in October, and made a yield of twenty to twenty-two bushels per acre. The range of yields of ten years has been from twenty to twenty-seven bushels. The present condition indicates a yield below the average.

The average yield of oats is 24.3 bushels. The last report of condition was the lowest in ten years, that of 1890 excepted, the average being 64.4 against 78.9 this year.

The average of the estimated State yields of rye is 12.7 bushels.

The condition of potatoes has declined during the past month from 74.8 to 67.7. Low condition is general in the Eastern, Middle, Central and Western States. It is highest in the Rocky Mountain region and in the South, where the crop was gathered early in the season.

The condition of buckwheat has declined since the last report from 80 to 86. It is 83 in New York and 90 in Pennsylvania.

The condition of tobacco has improved 3 or 4 points, now averaging 88.

The statistician of the Department of Agriculture reports a reduction of 3¼ points in the general percentage of condition of cotton, from 76.8 in September to 73.3 in October.

POSTOFFICE DEFICIT.

Expenditures and Revenues of the Department for the Year.

The annual report of the Sixth Auditor of the United States Treasury, who has charge of the accounts of the Postal Service, shows that during the year ended June 30, 1892, the net revenues of the Postoffice Department were $70,930,476 and the expenditures $76,323,762, making a deficit for the year of $5,393,286, as compared with $5,730,677 for the year ended June 31, 1891.

The amount paid to railroads during the last fiscal year for transporting the mails was $27,190,814, which is an increase for the year of $1,283,681.

Four hundred and thirty-eight thousand, seven hundred and fifty-three dollars was paid for steamboat service, $5,441,336 on account of Star route service and $733,755 for ocean mail service.

The amount paid out on account of service of previous years was $657,083.

During the year 240 fourth class postoffices were raised to the Presidential class and twenty-two third class offices were relegated to the fourth class, making a net increase of 218 during the year.

THE thrashings of new wheat in Great Britain are generally disappointing. The mean quality for 1892 is at least thirty-six cents below that of 1891.

THE MARKETS.

Late Wholesale Prices of Country Produce Quoted in New York.

42			
BEANS AND PEAS.			
Beans—Marrow, 1891, choice	$2 40	@	$ —
Medium, 1891, choice	1 95	@	2 00
Pea, 1891, choice	2 00	@	—
Red kidney, 1891, choice	2 65	@	2 70
Red kidney, poor to fair	1 75	@	2 50
Lima, Cal., per bush	2 05	@	2 10
Green peas, 1892, per bbl	1 80	@	1 85
BUTTER.			
Creamery—St. & Penn, extra	24½	@	25
St. & Penn., firsts	21	@	23½
Western, firsts	22	@	23½
Western, seconds	20	@	21
Western, thirds	18	@	19
State dairy—half tubs, and pails, extras	23	@	24
Half tubs and pails, 1sts	20	@	22
Half tubs and pails, 2ds	18	@	19
Welsh tubs, extras	22	@	23
Welsh tubs, 1sts	20	@	21
Welsh tubs, 2ds	18	@	19
Western—Im. creamery, 1sts	19	@	20
W. Im. creamery, 2ds	16	@	18
W. Im. creamery, 3ds	15	@	15½
Western Factory, fresh, firsts	16	@	—
W. Factory, seconds	—	@	15½
W. Factory and dairy, 3ds	14½	@	15
CHEESE.			
State factory—Full cream, white, fancy	10¾	@	—
Full cream, colored, fancy	10¾	@	—
Full cream, good to prime	9¼	@	9¾
Part skims, choice	7	@	8½
Part skims, good to prime	5	@	6½
Part skims, common	3	@	3½
Full skims	1	@	2
EGGS.			
State and Penn—Fresh	—	@	24
Western—Fresh, fancy	23½	@	—
Fresh, prime	21½	@	21½
FRUITS AND BERRIES—FRESH.			
Apples—Red sorts, bbl	2 50	@	4 00
Green sorts, per bbl	2 00	@	2 75
Sweet varieties, per bbl	—	@	—
Pears, Bartlett, per keg	1 50	@	3 50
Seckel, per bbl	5 00	@	7 00
Common cooking, per bbl	2 00	@	2 50
Grapes, up river, Del., 5 lb	14	@	17
Up river, Niagara, 5 lb	13	@	17
Up river, Concord, 5 lb	8	@	11
Peaches, Jersey, extra, basket	—	@	—
Poor to fair	—	@	—
Plums, up river, per crate	—	@	—
State, 10 lb basket	—	@	—
Cranberries, Cape Cod, bbl	4 00	@	7 50
HOPS.			
State—1892, fair to choice	20	@	21
1891, prime	22	@	23
1891, common to good	17	@	21
Old odds	5	@	9
LIVE POULTRY.			
Fowls—Jersey, State, Penn.	13	@	13½
Western, per lb	10	@	10½
Spring Chickens, local, lb	10	@	11
Southern, per lb	—	@	11
Roosters, old, per lb	7½	@	8
Turkeys, per lb	11	@	12
Ducks—N. J., N. Y., Penn., per pair	60	@	90
Southern, per pair	50	@	60
Geese, Western, per pair	1 37	@	1 62
Southern, per pair	1 25	@	1 37
Pigeons, per pair	30	@	40
DRESSED POULTRY—FRESH KILLED.			
Turkeys—Young, per lb	14	@	17
Old mixed weights	14	@	16
Toms, fair to prime	—	@	—
Chickens—Phila., per lb	15	@	18
L. I. broilers	—	@	—
Fowls—St. and Penn., per lb	13	@	13½
Western, per lb	13	@	13½
Ducks—Western, per lb	9	@	12
Eastern, per lb	—	@	17
Spring, L. I., per lb	17	@	18
Geese—Spring Eastern, per lb	18	@	19
Squabs—Dark, per doz	2 25	@	2 50
Light, per doz	3 25	@	3 50
VEGETABLES.			
Potatoes—State, per bbl	1 75	@	2 00
Jersey, prime, per bbl	1 87	@	2 00
Jersey, inferior, per bbl	1 50	@	1 75
L. I., in bulk, per bbl	2 00	@	2 25
Cabbage, L. I., per 100	4 00	@	6 00
Onions—Eastern, yellow, bbl	2 25	@	2 50
Eastern, red, per bbl	2 25	@	2 50
State, per bbl	2 25	@	2 50
Squash—Marrow, per barrel	1 00	@	1 25
Cucumbers, pickles, per 1000	—	@	—
Long Island, per 1000	—	@	—
Tomatoes, per crate	20	@	30
Lima beans, fair to prime, bag	1 50	@	2 00
Egg plant, Jersey, per bbl	75	@	1 25
Sweet potatoes, Va., per bbl	1 50	@	1 50
South Jersey, per bbl	1 75	@	2 50
Celery, near by, doz. bunches	75	@	1 00
GRAIN, ETC.			
Flour—City Mill Extra	4 25	@	4 35
Patents	4 50	@	4 75
Wheat—No. 2 Red	78¾	@	80¾
Rye—State	—	@	—
Barley—Two-rowed State	—	@	—
Corn—Ungraded Mixed	49	@	50
Oats—No. 2 White	—	@	38
Mixed Western	35	@	38½
Hay—Good to Choice	65	@	90
Straw—Long Rye	53	@	55
Lard—City Steam	—	@	80
LIVE STOCK.			
Beeves, City dressed	5¾	@	8¾
Milch Cows, com. to good	20 00	@	45 00
Calves, City dressed	9	@	12
Sheep, per 100 lbs	3 25	@	4 87½
Lambs, per lb	5¼	@	6¾
Hogs—Live, per 100 lbs	5 50	@	6 20
Dressed	7¾	@	9

QUAINT AND CURIOUS.

Wearing apparel was first cut out by machinery in England in 1853.

At Marie, Mo., the other day, James Highland was married to Anna Fling.

The flavor of an ostrich egg is excellent and one egg makes an ordinary meal.

A vast snow-field in Iceland spreads over a space of about 3000 square miles.

The average daily amount of sunshine the world over is a little more than three hours.

The national debt of the United States on Jan. 1, 1791, amounted to $75,463,476.52.

A farmer living near Furlong, Penn., dug up 110 stone knives in his garden the other day.

Herod the great was the first Hebrew king who imported into his realm Roman modes of "society life."

The Chinese houses are generally ornamented with so many quaint turrets and gables that they resemble toy houses.

The Emperor of China chooses his own successor, whether the person chosen is a member of the royal family or not.

The mace of the House of Representatives consists of a bundle of thirteen ebony rods entwined and bound together with silver bands.

There is a saltpetre cave in Burton county, Georgia, that is overrun by millions of bats, and has been so ever since the first settlement of the country.

Gibbon began the "Decline and Fall of the Roman Empire" at thirty-nine, and finished it in twelve years. The work of preparation was really the labor of a lifetime.

Defoe was fifty-eight when he began his "Robinson Crusoe." His literary career began at twenty, and his best political works were written before the "Crusoe."

Animal Instinct.

One day, driving the missing horse's mate, he went to visit a stable where horses were sold at auction. As he was driving up to it, but still some distance away, his horse grew uneasy and gave a loud whinny, which a moment after was answered by a whinny from the stable. "My horse was in that stable," exclaimed the man. He got out of his wagon, went in, and there, to be sure, was his stolen horse. The animals seemed overjoyed to meet each other, wh